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THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LIX.—NO. 106. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,097

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.



Port Almanac—January 26.

Sun Rises	7 04 A M
Sun Sets	5 21 P M
Day's Length	10 h 17 m
High Water at Southport	1 38 A M
High Water at Wilmington	3.15 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU. WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 25.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 35°; 8 p. m., 35°; maximum, 50°; minimum, 35°; mean, 42°.

Rainfall for the day, 00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 1 59.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 24.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 15.8 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, generally fair; northerly winds; colder.

For South Carolina, fair in the interior; probably clearing on the coast; much colder in the southeast portion; northerly winds.

OUTLINES.

The arbitration treaty was discussed by the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs, but no conclusion was reached on any point. —— An extra session of Congress will be called by President McKinley in March. —— The American Masters' and Pilots' Association is in session at Washington, D. C. —— Extreme cold weather is reported in the West and North; seventy-six persons were more or less frozen in Chicago; in Northern New York the thermometer ranged from 5 to 30 degrees below zero; at Detroit it was the coldest January weather on record. —— Weyler is waging war on the sugar planters who persist in grinding cane in defiance of his command; orders have been given to the troops to burn all the cane fields on their line of march; Weyler continues on his march without leaving the highways and railroads, being apparently afraid to enter the unexplored regions; Fondeveila still continues the slaughter of the citizens of the town of Guanabacoa. —— Ex Queen Liliuokalani pays an informal visit to President Cleveland. —— The U S Supreme Court will take a month's recess, commencing next Monday. —— Senator Tillman has introduced a bill in the Senate to meet the defect in the South Carolina Dispensary law pointed out by the recent decision of the U S. Supreme Court. —— The National Bank at Potsdam, N. Y., has closed its doors. —— The people of Chicago are taking prompt action to relieve the suffering among the poor caused by the extreme cold weather. —— The tenth annual Convention of the Improved Order of B'Nai B'B i h, which has been in session at Baltimore, adjourned yesterday to meet in Washington next year. ——New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 2 per cent., closing offered at 2 per cent.; cotton easy—middling 7⅛c; Southern flour dull but steady—common to fair extra $3 30@3 65; good to choice $3 75 @4 05; wheat-spot dull and easier; No. 2 red free on board 96⅛c, ungraded red 77 c; corn—spot dull and steady; No. 2 28⅛c at elevator and 29⅛c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1 70@1 72½; spirits turpentine steady at 27½ @28c

There is a lurking suspicion that the Indiana man who wants to have tax put upon whiskers is a tonsorial artist.

The New York *Advertiser* calls free silver a "mind disease." It must have something of the grip in it judging from the way it holds on.

Franz Meyer, of New York, has a 600,000 name petition which he will precipitate on Congress when the Cameron resolution comes up for discussion.

The production of hay in the United States has fallen from 65,000,000 tons in 1893 to 43,000,000 tons in 1896. Bicycles and electric cars do not eat hay.

California is bragging about a 15-year-old boy orator. There are boy orators in our neighborhood not half as old as that boy who can bring the house down any time they hold forth.

A Philadelphia paper comments upon "our crowded penitentiaries." They are not quite as crowded as they would be if some of the statesmen of that sovereignty were in their proper place.

It is said that "Billy" Mason, who has been elected to the Senate from Illinois, lacks dignity. But he will catch on to that after he brushes up a few times against statesman Hoar, and gets outside of some Senatorial "cold tea."

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months		$5.00
Six	"	2.50
Three	"	1.25
Two	"	1.00
One	"	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Hon. Chauncey M. Depew said in a recent speech that too much was expected in the way of a business revival after the election, and Mr. Andrew Carnegie in a recent speech said substantially the same. But didn't the Republican organs and the other gold organs and the stumpers who orated for McKinley say that he was the "advance agent of prosperity" and that it would come right along if he was elected. A good many people were not fooled by that kind of chat, but a good many were and cast their votes accordingly.

Edison and Tesla have both contended that telegraphing would yet be accomplished without the use of wires. Both have experimented more or less and with some success to accomplish this. It is now said that a young Italian electrician, named Marconi, living in England, has succeeded in doing it. It is somewhat remarkable that this same thing was done three hundred years ago by two Italian students, long before electricity was known as an agent for connection between people.

The New York Senate has passed a resolution providing for a joint committee to investigate the Trusts The next thing the New York Senate may discover if it keeps its eyes open will be that the aforesaid Trusts will be appointing a committee to investigate that joint committee.

Alabama iron men are not losing any sleep in thinking about protection. Mr. Sol Haas, President of the Glass, Iron and Steel Company of Birmingham, Alabama, stands erect and says: "Remove the duty altogether and Southern iron can take care of itself the world over."

The citizen of Harlem, N. Y., who recovered a $50,000 verdict against another Harlemite for alienating his wife's affections is encouraged to look up another wife and have her affections alienated. On these conditions he would probably be willing to risk several alienations.

The inventor of the whistling buoy caught the idea from a small boy pushing a tin horn with mouth down in a tub of water. A good many ideas are caught from the small boy. It was a lazy small boy's contrivance that suggested the governor on the steam boiler.

An English preacher is now threatening New York with the final smash up of the world, but he isn't making any more impression on Gotham than Sam Jones did on Boston when he informed the burghers of that town that hell wasn't more than half a mile from there.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE—Naval Reserves.
OPERA HOUSE—James Young.
Y. M. C. A.—Edouard Remenyi.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Justice R. H. Bunting is on the sick list.

— Mr. B. F. Lee, of Smithfield, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Solicitor M. C. Richardson left for his home in Clinton yesterday.

— Chief of Fire Department Martin Newman left yesterday for Raleigh.

— Mr. L. P. Long, of Tomahawk, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. Allie Steljes left for the South yesterday, where he will in future reside.

— Mr. L. E. Green, of Charlotte, was one of yesterday's hotel registrations.

— Mr. H. R. Kinlaw, of Rocky Mount, was among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Representative David B. Sutton spent Sunday in the city and returned to Raleigh yesterday morning.

— Mr. N. L. Mayer and Miss Minnie Mayer, of Philadelphia, who have been in the city for several days, left yesterday for a Southern trip.

— Among yesterday's arrivals were Mr. J. T. Anderson, Richmond; Mr. J. W. Riley, Atlanta; Mr. S. L. Miller, S. C., and Mr. Edward T. Gregory, Virginia.

— Capt. J. M. McGowan, one of the district managers of the Sun Life Assurance Association of Canada, leaves for Raleigh this morning to attend a banquet to be given the North Carolina agents by the general manager of the Association.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

The revenue cutter *Morrill* left port yesterday.

— A special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will be held this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

— An important meeting of the members of the Naval Reserves is announced for 8.15 to-night. A full attendance is desired.

—Oscar P. Slisson and a select company of players will play a week's engagement of comedy at the Opera House next week.

— The river at the foot of Princess and Chesnut streets yesterday was covered for nearly one-third of its width with rafts of timber.

— The circulation of THE MORNING STAR is steadily growing. Last week 35 new subscribers were added to our Daily list, and all of them are *bona fide*, paying subscribers, too.

— There was a large supply of wood on the market yesterday, at about the usual prices. The best split ash sold for 70 cents per load; mixed, split and round, 60 cents; blackjack, 65 cents; pine 50 cents

— Work on the farm for the crop of 1897 has begun in earnest if one may judge from the large number of plows, hoes, shovels, rakes and other farming implements which are being shipped daily from the hardware houses of the city.

— It is important that city subscribers notify us of all failures of carriers to deliver their papers. Call at or send a postal to the STAR office whenever you miss your paper. Carriers who do not attend to their duties will be promptly discharged.

— Betsey Willis, a colored woman, was found lying on the floor in one of the rooms in the burning building in "Dross Neck" Sunday morning. She was bleeding from two slight wounds on the head, and in an intoxicated condition. Dr. Lane at the City Hospital dressed the cuts and as soon as she was sober, discharged her.

James Young in "Hamlet."

Thursday evening at the Opera House the eminent tragedian James Young will appear in Shakespeare's masterpiece, "Hamlet." The engagement should certainly appeal to the taste of the "classic," and Wilmington's representation at the Opera House will no doubt be large. This is Mr. Young's third season, and elsewhere he has met with flattering receptions from the press and public. He has youth, a splendid voice, a pleasing face and figure and an intellectual conception of the roles he attempts in his favor, and supported as he is by a strong company, an excellent performance is assured. He is considered, and deservedly, too, a conscientious actor. His artistic nature will not allow him to trifle with the character he loves, and he has adopted as his creed through life that beautiful line of Owen Meredith's: "Have no half dealings with thine art."

Seats on sale at Gerken's, commencing to-morrow morning.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—385 bales cotton, 4 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—151 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 34 bbls rosin, 44 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—22 casks spirits turpentine, 26 bbls rosin, 7 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—84 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 35 bbls tar 15 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Driver—2 casks spirits turpentine, 11 bbls rosin, 77 bbls tar.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—45 casks spirits turpentine, 50 bbls rosin, 64 bbls tar.

Canady's raft—12 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 570 bales; spirits turpentine, 81 casks; rosin, 121 bbls; tar, 244 bbls; crude turpentine, 51 bbls.

Two Fires Sunday.

About 6 30 o'clock Sunday morning an alarm of fire from box 14 brought the Fire Department to "Dross Neck," where fire had broken out in a small one-story frame building and spread to two other buildings of the same description. Two of the houses were almost completely destroyed before the flames were extinguished. The department took a rest until shortly before eight at night, when it responded to an alarm from box 16. The fire was found to be on Bladen street, between Fourth and Fifth, in a two-story house owned and occupied by Robert Radcliff, colored. The damage did not exceed $50, the prompt work of the department checking the fire before it had spread to any extent. None of the household goods were destroyed.

Death of Mrs. Nina Spooner.

The STAR is pained to announce the death of Mrs. Nina Spooner, wife of Mr. Wm. T. Spooner, which occurred yesterday morning at 5.25 o'clock. Mrs. Spooner has been an invalid about two two years; last week her sickness developed into pneumonia and yesterday morning she passed quietly away. The deceased lady was a member of St. James' Episcopal Church. Four sons, Messrs. William J., C. K., E. L. and S. L. Spooner, and a daughter, Miss Pearl Spooner, are left to mourn her loss. The funeral will be held at the Chapel of the Good Shepherd, corner of Sixth and Queen streets, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

SUPERIOR COURT

Disposed of a Large Number of Cases on the Civil Docket Yesterday.

In the Superior Court yesterday, hearing in the case of Junius Davis, receiver of the Bank of New Hanover, vs. Butters Lumber Company, commenced Saturday, was deferred owing to the sickness of Mr. Davis.

The suit of Mary Williams, et al., vs. Leo Haid was continued until next term of court.

Other cases were disposed of as follows:

W. H. Corbett vs. Maud D. Corbett. Divorce granted.

Kate J. Henning vs. W. H. Henning. Divorce granted.

Hansen & Smith vs. Argyle Lumber Company. Final decree.

First National Bank of Richmond vs. Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company. Non-suit.

Albert Shenck et al., vs. A. W. Watson, Judgment.

E. K. Bryan, assignee, vs. J. D. Steljes. Non-suit.

J. M. Levy vs. O. McKinney. Non-suit.

I. W. Alderman vs. A. Hocut and S. & W. H. Northrop. Judgment.

W. E. Worth & Co. vs. Woodward & Daughbridge. Judgment.

T. W. Strange vs. H. C. Knox. Non-suit.

J. Wilder Atkinson vs. F. W. Kerchner. Non suit.

A. S. Robinson vs. Peoples' Perpetual Building and Loan Association. Judgment for plaintiff.

P. A. Downing vs. the Chadbourn Lumber Co. Judgment for plaintiff.

I. W. Alderman vs. A. Hocut et al. Non suit.

T. J. Gore vs. E. W. Hewlett and wife. Judgment.

Thos. Roberts & Co. vs. B. F. Lee & Co. Non suit.

Worth & Worth vs. D. McMillan's Sons. Judgment.

W. A. Wright, administrator, vs. F. W. Kerchner. Judgment.

D. O'Connor vs. S. VanAmringe et al. Judgment.

J. M. Levy vs. J. D. Bellamy, Jr. Non-suit.

People's Perpetual Building & Loan Association vs. J. T. Blain et al. Judgment for plaintiff.

W. A. Wright et al. vs. W. S. C. R. R. Co. Non suit.

Court at 4 20 o'clock adjourned until 10 a. m. to-day, when another of the series of back-tax cases will be called.

A Serious Accident.

Yesterday morning about 11 o'clock an accident, which almost resulted in a tragedy, occurred at Mr. John F. Garrell's plantation, "Sans Souci," about a mile from the city. Two colored boys, Geo. Frank and E. J. Cashwell, aged twelve and fifteen years, were examining a 32 calibre bull dog revolver in the tank house on Mr. Garrell's plantation. After Frank had looked at the pistol he stooped down to replenish the fire under the kettle in the house, leaving the revolver in the hands of Cashwell, who was trying to extract the shells from the pistol with a nail, which he was pushing down the barrel. Suddenly the pistol exploded, the ball entering Frank's left side, about an inch below the heart.

Mr. Jno. F. Garrell, Jr., who was present, sent Frank immediately to the city in a buggy and he received medical attention. He was sent to his grandmother's residence over the railroad.

Cashwell, in the meantime, went down to the City Hall and gave himself up and was placed in the guard house to await the result of Frank's injury. At last accounts Frank was resting easily, but the chances are against his recovery.

The Remenyi Concert Company.

The Remenyi Concert Company are winning laurels everywhere, and their every appearance is being greeted with great houses and enthusiastic audiences. Of course, the great master's playing is above criticism. He is one of the few great living exponents of his art.

Miss Parsons, the solo pianist with the company, is a pupil of one of the greatest teachers of Leipsic, and her performances are splendidly received everywhere.

Miss Adler, vocalist, is making a host of friends at every performance. This company will be the greatest musical treat of the season for this city, and no doubt every one will take advantage of the opportunity.

Wilmington people have already been informed that these artists will appear at the Y. M. C. A. in this city on Tuesday, February 2d—one week from to-night.

Misplaced Confidence.

A gentleman who arrived over the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad last Saturday evening reposed too much confidence in a colored boy who carried his valise to the hotel. The boy charged ten cents for his services and was sent by the gentleman to get a quarter changed, as the latter didn't have the right change. The boy never returned with the fifteen cents due the gentleman. It was enough, though, that he didn't get off with the valise. It may have been, too, that after reflection he decided that his services were worth the full amount and kept the whole of the quarter accordingly.

Funeral of the Late E. C. Robinson.

Sunday afternoon the remains of the late E. C. Robinson were tenderly laid to rest in Oakdale cemetery. The funeral was from the residence of Mr. J. A. White, uncle of the deceased, No. 116 South Fifth street, thence to St. John's Episcopal Church, where the service was conducted by Rev. James Carmichael, D. D., amidst a large gathering of friends and relatives. The pall-bearers were Mr. R. R. Bellamy and Mr. J. Hicks Bunting (honorary) and Messrs. Jno. C. James, Geo. Crow, Leon Corbett, W. L. Latta, Jno. Barnes and Wm. Huhn (active).

— Mr. E. E. Gorham, of Fayetteville, was a late arrival yesterday.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

ADDRESS ON PUBLIC SCHOOLS BY DR. J. L. M. CURRY.

Bills and Resolutions Introduced in the House—To Regulate Assignments—For Election of Senators by Direct Vote of the People.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 25.—Bills were introduced in the House as follows:

To regulate assignments. Providing that all conditional assignments, mortgages or deeds of trust which are executed to secure any debt, obligation note or bond which gives preferences to any creditor of the maker, shall be absolutely void as to pre-existing creditors.

To amend the Code so as to allow grandchildren of certain ex-slaves to inherit and become distributors of their estates.

To prevent affrays, to punish slander and to amend the Code in reference to Sunday trains.

By Lusk, to authorize clerks of criminal circuit courts to probate deeds and take private examination of *femmes covert*.

Resolution pledging the present Congress to election of U. S. Senators by direct vote of the people.

To charter the Eastern hospital for the insane at Goldsboro.

To provide that land owners shall pay for one-fourth of the fertilizer used by tenants, unless, when the land is rented, the tenant is notified that owner will not pay for any fertilizer.

Providing that boards of county commissioners shall appoint the first Monday in April of each year a township road supervisor to have full charge of all road work and to be paid for his time. To change the age when road duty shall begin from eighteen to twenty-one years.

A resolution requiring all appropriation bills to be referred to the Finance Committee failed to pass.

Bill to allow a woman divorce if her husband is in the Penitentiary was tabled.

Dr. J. L. M. Curry addressed the Legislature in the House at noon. Dr. Curry spoke strongly for the extension of the public school period. He declared that no man should be allowed to vote who could not read; said that the success of the Greensboro Normal School was unparalleled. He referred contemptuously to six or seven so-called colored normal schools in the State; said they were not normal schools. He gave notice that he would, therefore, withdraw the Peabody fund from them. He then said to Governor Russell, who had entered the hall, that if the State would establish two real colored normal schools the Peabody fund would aid them liberally and make their establishment an object.

Josiah Turner asked Dr. Curry if he were a member of the Legislature would he vote to withdraw the appropriation to the University or put a keg of powder under it? Dr. Curry replied that his hand would be palsied before he ever did anything to injure that grand institution.

By a rising vote, the Senate and House thanked Dr. Curry for his admirable address. Gov. Russell and others thanked him warmly.

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

Report of Treasurer of Associated Charities for December, 1896:

Receipts—Balance, December 1st, $123 95; New Hanover Company, 125.00; M. G. Tiencken, 1 00; Mrs. Berry Gleaves, 1 00; Miss Annie Kidder, 5 00; C. W. Worth, 10 00 Col. Roger Moore 2 50. A. Friend, 100 00; Mrs. Dscher, 2 00; cash, 2 00 W. H. Sprunt, 10 00; Mrs. H. G. Wadley, 5.00. Total, $387.45.

Expenses—Secretary's salary, $25.00; Catharine Kennedy Home, 12 50; cash, help, 9 00; groceries, &c., 86 75; wood, 44.00; unloading wood, 4 50; janitor, 2.00; rent for persons in need, 4 75; funeral expenses, 2 50, repairs at office, 2 09; postage, 27c. Balance December 31st, $194.09. Total, $387 45

Contribution in kind—Jewish Ladies Sewing Society, 39 new garments; Dorcas Society (Jasper Stone) 5 new garments; Chesnutt & Barentine, 1 pair shoes; J. A. Springer & Co., 5 cords wood; B. F. Keith & Co., $5 25 worth flour; Jas. H. Chadbourn & Co. 20 loads of wood, Messrs. Hayes & Rhodes beef; Vienna Bakery, 9 loaves bread; clothing, Mrs. E. A. Northrop, Mrs. G. G. Thomas, Mrs. M. A. Thomas, Mrs. B. H. J. Ahrens, Mrs. Geo. Kidder, P. B. Manning.

CUBANS VERY ACTIVE.

They Gain an Important Victory Over Spanish Troops.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 23.—A special to the *Commercial Tribune* from Key West, Fla., says: News was received in Havana from Cuban sources that a fight occurred at Pijua, Matanzas province, last week, in which the Spanish lost 100 men killed and wounded. They were attacked by Captain Morenzio's band of Cuban guerrillas while marching to reinforce a Spanish garrison there, and but for the aid extended from Pijua would have been cut to pieces. Pijua was abandoned the next day, and the town was burned by the Spanish, who retreated to Colon, taking with them 150 wounded and sick Spanish soldiers who were in the hospital at Pijua. Many of them perished during the journey, as the insurgents attacked the column at all points and kept them constantly on the defensive.

A. C. L. Burns the Wind.

Fayetteville *Observer*: "The southbound vestibule train, which passed through this city at 1 07 o'clock this morning, broke the Southern record for fast running. It ran the distance from Rocky Mount to Florence, 172 miles, in 203 minutes, including 7 stops and 3 slow downs. This is a mile a minute."

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

STATE PENITENTIARY.

THE PROPOSED CHANGE IN THE MANAGEMENT OF THE INSTITUTION.

Governor Russell to Appoint Directors and Superintendent—Senator Person's Bill to Establish an Insurance Department—Changes in the Election Law—Judge Norwood to Be Impeached—Conference of Caucus Committees Representing Republicans and Populists.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 25.

Mr. Claude Dockery will introduce a bill in the Legislature to-day, providing for a change in the management of the Penitentiary. As was told in the STAR'S correspondence two weeks ago, this bill gives Governor Russell the power of appointing a board of directors and superintendent of the Penitentiary. Two years ago the Legislature took that power away from the Governor; now it is proposed to restore it. The bill provides that there shall be a board of directors appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, composed of nine persons whose terms of office shall begin after appointment and continue four years and whose compensation shall be $4 per day for actual service and five cents per mile for travelling expenses; that the Governor shall by and with the consent of the Senate appoint a superintendent whose term of office shall be four years and whose salary shall be $2 500. The superintendent is to have the entire management of the Penitentiary. All conflicting laws are repealed and the act goes into effect immediately after ratification.

The "Hon." Lee Person, the colored Senator from Edgecombe, who wears a black silk handkerchief around his "lily white neck," has prepared the most exhaustive bill known to the oldest inhabitant. The bill is one "to establish and maintain an insurance department and to consolidate the insurance laws of the State." Person to-day turned the bill over to the printers and as soon as it is in type, he will introduce it in the Senate.

The bill covers 132 pages of legal cap paper, written in an ordinary hand. It is two inches in height and would be taken at first glance for a Cuban petition. Senator Person says that he has given much study to the insurance business in the State and that he has been at work on the bill since the 15th of December. "As soon as I saw Dr. Thompson opposed such a measure, I began to frame this bill," the Senator said. "I do not think any member will oppose it after carefully reading it." The bill provides for an insurance commission and the creation of the office of insurance commissioner, with a salary of $2 000 per annum. It also provides for a chief clerk, whose salary shall be $1,800, and as many additional clerks as may be needed at a salary of $1,200 each, but the appointment of these latter shall be discretionary with the Governor. The author of the bill says he proposes to increase the tax on insurance companies, and that the bill will secure a revenue twice as large as that derived from the present laws.

Mayor Grant, chairman of the committee appointed to make changes in the Election law, says: "There will be no radical changes in the present election law, which has proven highly satisfactory. It must be made more stringent in some respects in order to prevent fraud. The wholesale printing of bogus tickets will be stopped. I am in favor of the State printing tickets under the direction of the Secretary of State. Let the Secretary of State furnish the State tickets and the Clerk of the Court the county tickets. Every ticket should be accounted for and I think the Secretary of State should take receipts for all tickets issued and have those that are not used returned.

"I am in favor of the tickets being printed in different colors. Every man should vote secretly. The most ignorant could vote intelligently by secret ballot, provided the tickets are printed in colors.

"All we desire is an honest election law, such as we now have. Any changes that are made will be with the one view of eliminating attempts at fraud. The present law is endorsed by the great mass of people in the State. I am in favor of submitting it to the people as a constitutional amendment, so that when a party of different political faith comes in power it cannot be changed. We are willing to stand or fall on the merits of our election law."

Judge Norwood of the Superior Court bench will be impeached at an early day; probably this week. Spencer Blackburn and a few other Republicans are opposed to taking such an extreme measure, but Governor Russell is determined that Judge Norwood shall be unceremoniously removed, and it is understood that a majority of the members of the Senate share the opinion held by the Governor. Judge Norwood was unfortunate enough to get on his first jag as a Judge at an Eastern court which was attended by Judge Russell. Judge Norwood has written several members of the Legislature, and prominent Republicans as well, promising to mend his ways and expressing the hope that no action be taken in his case. A prominent Republican remarked: "Judge Norwood had best resign, and his friends should make him do so. He will certainly be impeached, and by resigning he would save himself unnecessary humiliation."

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The conference committees of the Republican and majority Populist caucuses had an hour's conference without accomplishing anything. The question of accepting the proposition of the Populist majority will go direct to the caucus for settlement. Major Grant says the Republicans have no right to settle Populist quarrels.

GOMEZ WARNS WEYLER AGAIN.

Says if the Captain General Doesn't Stop Atrocities All Spaniards Taken Will be Killed.

TAMPA, FLA., Jan. 23.—Gen. Gomez has sent word again to Gen. Weyler that if his murder of Cuban prisoners is not stopped he will begin to make reprisals, and kill all the Spanish troops he captures.

A passenger on the *Olivette*, on her last trip, was called "Dr. Martin." He is a physician in Gomez's army and passed through here on his way to New York. He landed at Key West Monday from a fishing vessel, having escaped from Cuba that way.

A Cuban who talked with him gathered enough to know that Gomez is preparing for an onward move in force to attack Havana. He is well provided with men, they are well armed and he is well satisfied with present prospects.

— Mr. W. R. Guion, representing the Oettinger Company, an extensive soap concern in New York city, was here yesterday conferring with brokers and commission merchants.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not? Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

N. C. FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

President McNeill Calls the Attention of the Legislators to the State Appropriation.

TO THE EDITOR: I notice a bill introduced yesterday in the Legislature to repeal the State appropriation to the Firemen's Association, and I would ask space in your columns to explain this appropriation and its merits so that both the people's representatives and the people themselves may perfectly understand the situation. During the session of 1891 the officials of our association, after consultation with the representatives of the Fire Insurance Companies doing business in the State, asked the Legislature to impose an additional tax of ⅛ of 1 per cent. upon them, the revenue so raised to go to our Fire Association to create a fund for the injured, sick or disabled firemen, such injury, sickness or disability caused by reason of fire service. The amount then appropriated was $3 500. The act especially states, that in no case shall our annual appropriation "exceed one-half of the license tax, &c., &c." This source of revenue conceived and created by our association and agreed to by the Insurance Companies, I am reliably informed now produces about $5 100 per annum, still, we have not only never asked for any increase from our original amount of $3,500. But we have divided this sum with our colored comrades, giving them one-fourth of the appropriation. This was done by the Democratic Legislature of 1893, by and with the full approval and consent of our association. The ratio was based upon the membership of the two associations.

I have the honor to be now serving my third term as president of the North Carolina State Firemen's Association. It is my duty to carefully investigate, audit and approve or disapprove every claim made against the Relief fund before ordering payment. I serve without any other revenue than the good will and approval of my brother firemen. Our rules regarding benefits are rigid and strictly enforced. I know the vast amount of good that has been done by the fund. The president of the colored association (the N. C. S. Volunteer Association) Valentine Howe, of Wilmington, is one of the very best men of his race, and I am glad to call him my friend. The only real difference in the two organizations is one of race. The two associations are in full accord, and are of incalculable benefit to our people. This fund is the life-blood of our organizations and I feel sure that our legislators only need to be assured of the facts to cheerfully and gladly bid us God speed. Respectfully,

JAS. D. MCNEILL,
President N. C. S. F. Association.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 21, 1897.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

President Walters Explains a Statement Made by a New York Paper.

[*N. Y. Mail and Express.*]

Referring to an item which recently appeared in these columns concerning the advance of salaries of the officials of the Atlantic Coast Line, President Walters writes:

"I have seen in your paper a reference to increases of salaries on the Atlantic Coast Line. Your information was correct, but not complete, and I take the liberty of drawing your attention to the facts.

"The salary of one officer, who was promoted to a position on probation at a lower salary than his predecessor received, was advanced to the original figure as promised.

"We were able to go through the past three years of depression without reductions in salaries of officers and employes, but I regret to say that we are not in a position to make advances.

"Our Board of Directors considered properly that changes inaugurated in the methods of administration called for a redistribution of the amount of money paid out in salaries of administration, and hence followed increases and reductions which offset each other, leaving the total amount paid practically the same."

HORRIBLE BRUTALITY.

Spanish Treatment of a Corpse—School Girls Murdered.

TAMPA, FLA., Jan. 23.—Carlos Anilles, a well-known literary man and a Cuban by birth, died Sunday at Guanabacoa.

The funeral procession on Monday was stopped by a mob of Spanish soldiers, who broke open the coffin, took out the corpse, and after brutally handling and beating it with their muskets and swords, threw it into the street and forbid the mourners to take it up.

The people dispersed in fear of their lives, but some hours later, finding that the soldiers had left, they recovered the body and buried it.

Anilles had not allied himself with the insurgents, but being a Cuban was enough to arouse Spanish hate.

The bodies of three school girls who disappeared last week were found Tuesday on the outskirts of Guanabacoa mutilated and with hardly a shred of clothing upon them. Dogs had partly eaten them.

DIED.

SPOONER.—In this city yesterday morning at 5.25 o'clock, Mrs. NINA SPOONER, wife of William T. Spooner, aged 19 years.

Funeral this (Tuesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock, from the Chapel of the Good Shepherd. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

'Tis hard to break the tender cord
When love has bound the heart.
'Tis hard, so hard to speak the word,
Must we forever part.

Dearest loved one we will lay thee
In thy peaceful grave embraced.
But thy memory will be cherished
Till we meet thy heavenly face.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Notice.

THE MEMBERS OF THE NAVAL RESERVES are requested to meet at their Armory at 8.15 this evening, for the transaction of important business.

J. W. FREEMAN, JR., Secretary and Treasurer.
jan 26 1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Twenty Items of Interest

TO YOU AT

C. W. POLVOGT & CO.S,

N. 9 North Front Street,

DryGoods

—AND—

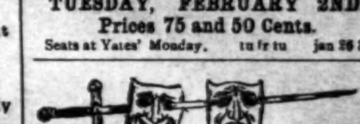
CARPETS.

1st. We have the sole agency for Butterick Patterns.
2nd. We have the best $1.00 Kid Gloves in the City.
3rd. We have Ladies' Hermsdorf Dyed Hosiery in all grades.
4th. We have Keyer's Doubled Fingered Tipped Gloves.
5th. We have just received our New Spring Embroideries.
6th. We have the sole agency for the W. B. Corset.
7th. We have the largest stock of Carpets and Rugs.
8th. We have Long Cloth in pieces and cut lengths.
9th. We have received the handsomest Laces ever shown here.
10th. We have about 25 Baby Carriages to sell cheap.
11th. We have cut the prices on all our Blankets to cost.
12th. We have the largest Window Shades stock in the State.
13th We have polite salespeople to attend your wants.
14th. We have a 75c Storm Serge for 39c per yard.
15th. We have all shades of Satin and Indian Silks.
16th. We have a large stock of Blankets with low prices.
17th. We have a full assortment of Chiffons in all shades.
18th. We have marked our Jackets below cost to close out.
19th. We have a good Gauntlet Kid Glove for 50c.
20th. We have received our new Spring Mattings.

We will take our inventory February 1st, and in order to have our stock reduced we will offer special inducements this week. Visit us, it will pay you.

C. W. POLVOGT & CO.
jan 24 tf

Only Appearance Here of The GREAT ARTIST EDOUARD REMENYI, THE FAVORITE Violinist of America, and his Splendid Concert Company.
Y. M. C. A. Auditorium,
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2ND.
Prices 75 and 50 Cents.
Seats at Yates' Monday. tu fr tu jan 26 3t



OPERA HOUSE.
THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 28.
The Popular Tragedian,
JAMES YOUNG,
Will present, with gorgeous scenic embellishments, Shakespeare's
"Hamlet."
Twelve sets of Magnificent Scenery specially painted and carried for this production.
Mr. Young is assisted by MISS RIDA LOUISE JOHNSON and a company of sixteen competent and well chosen players. sun tues thr jan 24 3t

M. W. DIVINE & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO DIVINE & CHADBOURN,
23 Market Street.

WHITE LEAD,
Ready Mixed Paints,
Linseed Oil,
Kerosene Oil,
Machinery Oils,
Glass, Glue,
Varnishes Brushes, etc.
Lamps and Lamp Goods,
Sash, Doors and Blinds.
Sole Agents for the celebrated Sherwin, Williams & Co.'s Pure Paste Paints. Tons of it sold last year, and used on the largest and costliest residences and public buildings in the city. As these paints holds its own better than any Paint used heretofore
Five gallons Fire-Proof Oil 60 cents, delivered at your House. jan 17 tf

Pure Early Rose Potatoes.
25 Bbls Haulton Rose Potatoes.
50 " N. Y. E. R. "
25 " Choice Baldwin Apples.
100 Boxes Lemon and Sugar Cakes.
50 " Soda and Oyster Crackers.
50 Cases Standard Weight Oysters.
50 " Sardines.
All for sale on narrow margins.
W. B. COOPER.
225 North Water street,
jan 17 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

White Cook Wanted.
WANTED, A WHITE COOK BY PARTY in the country, near the city. Must have good recommendations. Apply at
jan 24 2* No. 13 MARKET STREET.

Madame Amae,
SPIRITUAL MEDIUM, REVEALS THE past, present and future. If you are in trouble, either business, love or domestic, it will be to your advantage to consult her. Mme Amae can be found at No. 318 Chestnut street, between Third and Fourth.
jan 19 1w

Executor's Notice.
HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTRIX OF the last will and testament of Stacy VanAmringe, deceased, on the 8th day of January, 1897, I hereby notify all persons indebted to my said testator to make immediate payment to me, and those to whom he was indebted to present their claims to me on or before the 22nd day of January, 1898, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. This the 22nd day of January, 1897.
MARY F. VANAMRINGE, Executrix.
jan 22 1m

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 26, 1897

NORTH CAROLINA AS A COTTON MANUFACTURER.

There are few if any States in this Union which make less parade over their achievements, industrial or other kinds, than North Carolina. While modesty may bespeak merit in an individual it may be carried too far in the case of the individual and it most certainly has been in the case of North Carolina. Those who are even slightly acquainted with her civic and martial history know that she has been robbed of glory that was hers, simply because she did not herald her achievements and vaunt her prowess when others were waving their banners high in the air and claiming the honors which North Carolina had won. And so in the industrial field, although well up at the front in some branches, and at the front in others her movements were so quiet and steady, accompanied by so little noise, or blowing of horns that not only outsiders, but even most of her own people didn't know what was going on, or that anything was going on.

Of course the few who keep up with industrial movements in our own and other Southern States knew in a general way that North Carolina was making progress, very much progress, but it was only the very few who make it a point to fully inform themselves know how much she was making. We knew that North Carolina was doing remarkably well in the cotton manufacturing industry; that she was building many mills which were managed as a rule successfully; that the number of her mills now exceeds that of any other Southern State; that there had been much improvement in the lines of manufactures and many lines added to those manufactured a few years ago, but we confess to an agreeable surprise in reading a paper by Mr. Moses H. Cone, president of the Cone Export Company, at Greensboro, on "The Future of Cotton Manufacturing in North Carolina," published in the industrial number recently issued by the Greensboro *Record*.

He believes that with judicious management, with the capital that will eventually come if no handicapping State legislation prevents it, with the knowledge and demands of the business necessary to success in competition with the world which will come in time, North Carolina is destined to become the greatest cotton manufacturing State in the Union, a conviction which is based to some extent on the progress and success of recent years. We herein present a few extracts from this interesting and encouraging paper because they tell the story briefly and give the general reader some idea of what North Carolina has done and is doing in the field of cotton manufacturing, and may prove a revelation to many. Speaking of what has been done and is being done Mr. Cone says:

"In the manufacture of cotton North Carolina has forged ahead faster in recent years than any other of the Southern States. In the Southern States, including Maryland, Missouri and Kentucky, in 1840 there were 248 cotton mills, having a total capital of $4 331,078, an average of only $17 400 per mill. The total number of spindles in the South at that time was 180,927. On January 1st, 1897, the mills of North Carolina alone employed a capital of $16 186,000, or an average per mill of $109 360, with a total of 760 604 spindles, quite a number of new mills proposed and partly under construction not included.

"In 1890 the total number of spindles in the South was 1,554,000. Some idea of the advance North Carolina has made as a cotton manufacturing State will be appreciated when it is noticed that to-day there are more than half as many spindles actually running in North Carolina as were running in the whole South in 1890.

"In diversifying the product and improving the quality of the output of its mills, North Carolina has certainly been foremost. Previous to 1890 the spinning mills ran mostly on coarse yarns from number 14 down. To-day there are mills in the State running on nothing coarser than 26's, and 40's are easily obtainable.

"In brown goods, previous to 1890, a 3-yard sheeting was the common product. To-day the output of the State from the mills already in operation and those just about to begin is largely diversified and we make nearly all the the finer grades of brown goods in all widths and weights; and a number of mills are running on fabrics to be converted into the finest class of bleached cottons.

"In colored goods, previous to 1890, the State was very backward; few of the mills made anything except alamance plaids out of about 14's yarns. To-day fine chambrays, ginghams, domets and flannelettes, dress goods, cheviots, high grade plaids in great variety and of a very superior quality are being turned out. It is well known that the State is rapidly acquiring a reputation among the dry goods trade of the country for the superior excellence of its products.

This is a pretty gratifying exhibit of what has been and is being done not only in the matter of building mills, but in the equally important matter of improving and diversifying the output of these mills. Then he gives his opinion as to the possibilities of North Carolina competing with the world if unhampered by handicapping tariff and other legislation, as follows:

"The advantages of the South over the East, though often exaggerated, are manifold. The East makes up for many of its disadvantages as compared with the South by its greater capital and superior credit, its quicker adaptability in seizing upon and executing new ideas, and its diversity of fabrics; though in the latter respect the South as indicated above, has recently been keeping up with the procession. During the last year those of the Southern mills manufacturing brown goods which have had an established reputation in foreign markets for their brands have done much better than those which depended entirely upon our own home market, and the writer believes that if the policy of this Government were such that we could extend our trade over the world in all lines of cotton manufacture, the South could compete on favorable terms with any of the nations of the world. While it is true that the English manufacturer has cheaper capital and better credit, and the Japanese and Chinese cheaper labor, and notwithstanding the cost of equipping our mills, largely through the operation of tariff duties on machinery, is say $15 to $20 per spindle, as against $7 to $10 in England, it is still true that our mills manufacturing for export have managed to pay dividends. When our manufacturers learn what the farmers have had to learn, that no possible legislation of Congress can give them permanent prosperity, that they must depend for success upon their own fight and their own ingenuity, and upon the law of demand and supply laid down in the markets of the world—when that day comes, as it will, though possibly not in our generation, then we may look for North Carolina to be among the greatest cotton manufacturing sections of the world.

"Eventually, print cloth mills, bleaching, dyeing and printing establishments must be built in the State if we are to reach the highest development in cotton manufacturing; but these establishments require, comparatively speaking an enormous outlay of permanent capital investment. This capital must be obtained outside of the State or from capital yet to be made by the citizens of the State. Such mills can only be built by corporations, few individuals being wealthy enough to undertake such enterprises single-handed. If the legislation of the State against corporations and against the manufacturing interests of the State does not develop too radical a form, the establishment of those enterprises may be hoped for in the not far distant future.

After some pertinent remarks and suggestions on the subject of textile schools for the training of young men for this particular industry the paper closes with the following interesting figures:

"There are to-day in North Carolina: Forty-eight mills making colored and brown goods capitalized at $7 697,000; having 13 900 looms and 261,164 spindles; 30 mills making brown goods only, capitalized at $3 447,000, having 7,407 looms and 172 552 spindles; 70 yarn mills with $5 042 000 capital, having 353 888 spindles.

"This gives 148 mills in North Carolina with a total capital of $16 186 000, 21 397 looms and 790 604 spindles, while we had in 1890 only 91 mills capitalized at $10 775 034 with 7 254 looms and 337,786 spindles; in 1880 49 mills with 1 790 looms and 93 385 spindles; in 1870, 33 mills with 618 looms and 39 897 spindles, and in 1840, 25 mills with a capital of $995 300."

The facts, figures and opinions as given in this paper are all the more interesting because they come from the pen of a cool, matter-of-fact business man, uninfluenced by the bias of State pride or partiality, for Mr. Cone is not a native North Carolinian, but is and for years has been closely identified with the industry of which he writes and with which he is familiar.

MINOR MENTION.

Some of the Democratic gold organs in the North are beginning to feel like the unsophisticated old darkey who lost confidence in the mule, because a mule took advantage of his confidence and woke him up from a nap by landing him suddenly in a ditch. These gold organs in the fullness of the confidence which they felt that the supporters of McKinley would recognize the valuable assistance rendered Mr. McKinley by the gold Democrats who supported and voted for him, took it for granted that the Republicans would go slow on the tariff question and would somewhat respect their wishes before undertaking to tear up the Wilson tariff and give us another dose of McKinleyism, but they seem to have discovered that they had an overstock of confidence and an understock of sagacity, as indicated by the following, which we clip from the Philadelphia *Record*:

"There is much rejoicing among the Republican Senators in Washington over the re-election of Senator Pritchard by a coalition of Republicans and middle-of-the-road Populists in the North Carolina Legislature. The cause of this rejoicing is in the belief that the election of Mr. Pritchard will render certain the passage of a new high tariff. So precarious seems to be the fate of this measure that it hangs upon one vote in the Senate; but the fact that the election of Mr. Pritchard brings back to the Senate a champion of free silver gives these "honest money" Republicans no concern. They do not care how often he may vote for measures to embarrass gold payments or to reform the currency so long as his aid shall be given to the attempt to increase the protective duties on the necessaries of living for the benefit of the Trusts and the monopolies in trade.

"Every day demonstrates more clearly that the Republican leaders have become entirely oblivious of the issue of the campaign of 1890. If they had not already become faithless to the cause which triumphed in the recent campaign they would have found in the election of Silverite Senator from North Carolina matter of regret, and not for rejoicing."

This is a confession of misplaced confidence, but it may also prove another instance of misplaced confidence in taking it for granted that Senator Pritchard is so dead set on silver. He was simply playing his game with the Pops in the Legislature as the McKinley managers played their game with the gold Democrats before the election.

***

As most of the elections have been held in the States where United States Senators were to be chosen it is pretty apparent that the silver Senators—Democratic, Republican and Populist—will have a majority in the next Senate, and it is equally apparent that the Republicans can do nothing with their proposed tariff legislation without some understanding with the silver Senators, (at least with the silver Senators who have heretofore acted with the Republican party) by which they can control votes enough to carry a tariff bill through, assuming that there be no obstructive tactics resorted to. In the event the Republicans who are anxious for tariff legislation fail to make propositions satisfactory to the silver Republicans, what will Senator Pritchard do? Will he align himself with the tariffites who were so anxious for his election and rejoiced so much thereat, or will he stand by the silver men to whom he is pledged and insist that the tariff question shall be made subordinate to the silver question? This phase of the contingencies did not figure in the ante-election pledges that Pritchard made, but when the silver Republicans lay down their terms it may possibly put Mr. Pritchard in a somewhat embarrassing position, as to whether he will support the silver men in their demands or play with the tariff manipulators. He is committed to the tariff; he is also committed to free silver, but it remains to be seen which will have the tighest grip on him.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— A wicked Western newspaper observes that Washington will be a more attractive Summer resort than ever if John Sherman sticks to his job all the year round.—*Washington Times, Dem.*

—— The Nicaragua Canal must be one of the things you dream about without any hope of their realization. Political parties unite in commending the project and presidents of all parties write messages in favor of it, but somehow or other there always comes a slip between the cup and the lip.—*Macon, Ga., Telegraph, Dem.*

—— There is renewed talk of provision for reciprocity in the projected tariff bill upon which the Ways and Means Committee is deliberating. But we observe that the Protectionists generally turn a cold eye upon reciprocity with Canada, which would be the most obvious and advantageous scheme of reciprocity the country could possibly sanction.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

—— Senator Hill succeeded in alienating himself from both factions of his party. He led the gold faction at Chicago, and then refused to join them in their bolt. He played fast and loose with the regular organization in its State convention, and finally, like a barnyard cock who has long ruled the walk, when some young bird comes to the front and proves its superiority as a fighter, sits upon his roost and mopes and nurses his wounds and pride, while the flock of hens become used to the leadership of their new lord and master.—*Richmond State, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Tommy—Are all men who have too many wives called bigamists, pa?

Henpeck—No, only those who have two or more, my son.—*Puck.*

— He—So you have ambitions.

She—Yes, decidedly. I want to solve some important problem.

He—Well, you just study out how to bring up a family on fifteen dollars a week and we'll get married.—*Life.*

— Housekeeper—"Half the things you wash are torn to pieces."

Washerwoman—"Yes, mum; but when a thing is torn in two or more pieces mum, I count them as only one piece, and only charge for one."—*Tit Bits.*

— "I don't know," cried the excited feminine voice in the darkness, "whether you are my husband or a burglar, but I'm going to be on the safe side and shoot."—*London Figaro*

— In Russia teachers are none too well paid. At a scholastic meeting some one proposed the toast: "Long live our school-teachers." "What on?" asked a cadaverous looking specimen rising in his seat.—*Tit Bits.*

— "What are you crying about, Willie?"

"I feel bad."

"Did you eat too much at Charlie's party?"

"No, sir; that's the trouble; I feel bad because I didn't eat more."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— "Beginnin' at de bottom o' de ladder an' wu'kin' up," said Uncle Eben, "am er good t'ing ter do oncet or twicet, but dah's some dat make de mistake er doin' nuffin' but dat ovuh an' ovuh ag'in.—*Washington Star.*

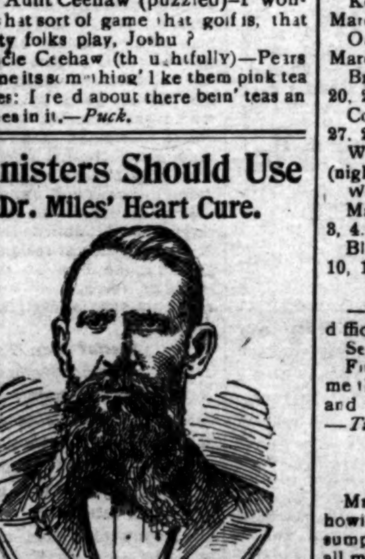
— After listening to a parliamentary candidate's fervid appeal, a shrewd old farmer was asked what he thought of the speech. His reply was simply: "Weel; I dinna ken, but I think six hours' rain would ha' done mair gude!"—*Tit-Bits.*

Don't dally with rheumatism. Purify your blood and cure it at once by taking a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla. †

— Aunt Ceehaw (puzzled)—I wonder what sort of game that golf is, that society folks play, Joshu?

Uncle Ceehaw (thoughtfully)—Peirs tew me its somthing' like them pink tea parties: I read about there bein' teas an caddies in it.—*Puck.*

Ministers Should Use
Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.



THERE IS NO PROFESSION, whose labors so severely tax the nervous system, as that of the ministry. The derangement of the nerve centers of the brain by over work, frequently brings on attacks of heart trouble, and nervous prostration. Rev. J. P. Kester, M. D., Pastor U. B. church, London Mills, Ills., himself a physician, writes Feb. 26, 1895: "Heart affection and nervous prostration had become so serious last fall that a little over work in the pulpit would so completely prostrate me that it seemed certain I must relinquish the work of the ministry entirely. Heart palpitation became so bad that my auditors would ask me if I did not have heart disease. Last November I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure alternately with Dr. Miles' Nervine and derived the greatest possible benefit. I have just closed revival work of 20 weeks, preaching nearly every night and twice on the Sabbath. I can speak for hours without suffering as I formerly did. Hard working ministers should keep Dr. Miles' grand remedies on hand."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

Headache stopped in 20 minutes by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "Once cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. Change.

June 15 1y su tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Charlotte *Observer*: One day three weeks ago, Hillary, the son of Mr. J. S. Houston, was choked by a grain of corn lodging in his throat. The doctors cut into his windpipe and extracted the grain. Three days later, Martha, the daughter of Mr. David Moore, also had a grain of corn lodged in her windpipe. Her throat was cut into and the object removed. Both children have now completely recovered.

— Raleigh *Press-Visitor*: Burglars entered the store of Mr A. Bland, of Millbrook, last evening ransacking the place. The looters took away with them eight hundred pennies and other change and a number of articles of merchadise. —— A company has been incorporated at Asheville composed of leading colored men, for the erection of a hotel in that city for the accommodation of colored people.

— Greenville *Reflector*: Thursday night at Knights, a small station on the Norfolk & Carolina Railroad, about eight miles from here, a white man named Lee shot and killed a negro named Stephens. It seems that Lee's son had, in the morning, struck his (Lee's) mother for some cause, and this negro, Stephens, appeared against Lee in the trial. So young Lee's father went to Stephens' house last night, called the latter out and shot him with No. 1 shot, killing him almost instantly. Both the Lees are in jail here.

— Henderson *Gold Leaf*: Mr. John A. Fleming is not one of those men who has his "smoke house in the West." He believes in raising his own supplies at home—and does it. In December he killed 15 hogs ranging in weight from 110 to 273 pounds, aggregating 2,615 pounds of pork. On the 13th inst. he killed 5 others weighing 211, 213, 220, 229 and 238, a tetal of 1,111, making 3,726 pounds of meat—a pretty good amount for one "small farmer." These were of an improved breed, 8 months and 8 days old, and shows what blood and feeding will do.

— Salisbury *Truth*: Wm. Smithdeal, late president of the Smithdeal Hardware Company of this city, made an attempt to commit suicide Tuesday. He swallowed sufficient landanum to accomplish his purpose, but was discovered, doctors were sent for and arrived in time to succeed in preventing his death. Mr. Smithdeal's financial troubles are supposed to be the cause of this rash act. ——The gang of thieves that have been infesting the vicinity for sometime past have been apprehended by Sheriff Monroe and the town officers They are four colored boys, John White, Charles Williams, Jim Hairston and Wit Barrier. They were jailed to await the February term of court.

— Sanford *Express*: Mrs. Petty, wife of Mr. William Petty, died at her home near here Wednesday.—— Miss Rebecca Cole, after an illness of some duration, died at her home in Pocket township on Monday last. —— Miss Maggie McKeithen, of Cameron, died at Aberdeen last Wednesday. She went there several days ago to visit relatives, and was taken sick with pneumonia, from which she never recovered. —— Mr. Henry William, of Pocket township, who has been employed on the Government farm near Tillery, N. C., died there last Wednesday of pneumonia. —— Mrs. Isabella Campbell, relict of the late Daniel Campbell, died at her home near Quiet, this county, on last Thursday. She had been in declining health for some time, and was about 86 years of age at the time of her death. —— There is talk of extending the Raleigh & Western Railway from Cumnock to Asheboro. We understand that men of experience in railroading are interesting themselves in the proposed extension.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

Rev. R. C. Beaman, recently appointed by the North Carolina Annual Conference of the M. E. Church, South, Presiding Elder of the Wilmington District, has made his appointments for the first round, as follows:

Wilmington, at Market Street, January 31.

Wilmington, Bladen Street (night), January 31.

Burgaw circuit, at Rocky Point, February 6, 7.

Clinton circuit, at Keeners, February 13, 14.

Jacksonville and Richlands, at Jacksonville, February 20, 21.

Elizabeth circuit, at Elizabethtown, February 27, 28.

Kenansville circuit, at Kenansville, March 6, 7.

Onslow circuit, at Queen's Creek, March 13, 14.

Brunswick circuit, at Concord, March 20, 21.

Columbus circuit, Evergreen, March 27, 28.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville (night), March 28.

Waccamaw circuit, Shiloh, March 30.

Magnolia circuit, Magnolia, April 3, 4.

Bladen circuit, at Bethlehem, April 10, 11.

—First Amatuer—There is such a difficult scene in the second act.

Second Amateur—What is it?

First Amateur—The hero tells me that he never loved until he met me, and I have to look as if I believed him.—*Tit Bits*

The Grandest Remedy.

Mr. R. B. Greeve, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Oddly Colored Squirrels.

Some oddly colored squirrels are said to have been taken near Belleville, Ont. A black squirrel with numerous white spots was killed by Hull Austin, and another man got a fox colored black squirrel. The queerest two were black squirrels, one with a red tail and the other with a big white spot on the breast and one on the back.

A cream colored black squirrel and a "snow white" one, both rufous brown on the under parts, were killed.

Such groups of odd animals are often noted in certain neighborhoods. In some places freak robins will be seen every year; in another it is oddly colored quail.—New York Sun.

Easy to Take Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

LYON & CO.'S

"PICK LEAF"

Extra Smoking Tobacco stands unrivalled for purity and flavor. It will please the most fastidious. Cigarette book with, and coupon in each package.

"PICK LEAF."

Extra Smoking Tobacco is the "*best of the best*," because it is made from the ripest, sweetest and purest leaf tobacco grown in the Golden Belt region of North Carolina and manufactured with the greatest care. Nothing but the *very best* goes in it.

"PICK LEAF"

Smoking Tobbaco is at the top for delicious aroma. It is just as good as we can make it, after twenty five years' experience in the tobacco trade. It is the result of almost a life time experience.

"PICK LEAF"

Smoking Tobacco does not pretend to make every mouth in the land as sweet as a rose, but does give a most pleasant, agreeable and delightful smoke to every one. Ask your dealer for it.

"PICK LEAF"

Smoking Tobacco gives the consumers the very best tobacco—two ounces for ten cents. It is made for that purpose, and is winning its way to public favor. It is indeed a winner.

"PICK LEAF"

Smoking Tobacco should be kept by all first-class dealers, who wish to give their customers the best smoke possible, 2 ounces for 10 cents. Keep calling for it until you get it and take nothing else in place of it.

"PICK LEAF"

Smoking Tobacco is pronounced by good judges to be the very best tobacco, and why should you not enjoy the best smoke? especially when you get 2 ounces and a cigarette book for 10 cents.

"PICK LEAF"

Smoking Tobacco is just what you want for "pipe" and hand-made cigarette smoking—and as you smoke it and watch the delicate blue rings float in the air, and realize the fragrant, aromatic flavor, you will, no doubt, be ready to exclaim long live "Pick Leaf!" Don't stop until you get a package. jan 19 1m

Never Sees the Papers.

Silk ribbons are used in the court of Victoria to hold newspaper clippings designed for the royal perusal. She never sees the papers in their original state. They are carefully perused by an official, who cuts out what he thinks will please her, pins the clippings on the ribbons and lays them on her table.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind." †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	@	6
Standard	@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℘ ℔	12 @	14
Sides ℘ ℔	6 @	7
Shoulders ℘ ℔	6 @	6¼
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℘ ℔	4¾ @	5
Shoulders ℘ ℔	@	4¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	1 30 @	1 40
BEESWAX ℘ ℔	23 @	24
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℘ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℘ ℔	15 @	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per Bushel, in sacks	40 @	42½
Virginia Meal	40 @	42½
COTTON TIES—℘ bundle	@	1 00
CANDLES—℘ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE ℘ ℔—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE—℘ ℔—		
Laguyra	20 @	
Rio	10 @	16
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard	@	5¼
Yarns ℘ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℘ dozen	@	10
FISH—		
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ half-barrel	8 00 @	[illegible]
Mackerel, No 3, ℘ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℘ barrel	3 00 @	[illegible]
Mullets, ℘ pork barrel	5 75 @	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℘ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	3 35 @	3 50
FLOUR—℘ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 75
Choice	@	4 50
Straight	5 00 @	5 25
First Patent	5 50 @	5 75
GLUE—℘ ℔—	7½ @	8½
GRAIN—℘ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	43½ @	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	40 @	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	40 @	42½
Oats, from store	30 @	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	40 @	45
Cow Peas	45 @	50
HIDES, ℘ ℔—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ℘ 100 ℔s—		
Eastern	@	1 05
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔	2 @	2½
LARD, ℘ ℔—		
Northern	5½ @	6¼
North Carolina	6 @	10
LIME ℘ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℘ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℘ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	22
" " " in bbls	@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	27 @	29
" " in bbls	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" " in bbls	14 @	15
Syrup, in bbls	13 @	
NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut 60d basis	@	2 00
PORK, ℘ barrel—		
City Mess	9 00 @	9 25
Rump	@	9 75
Prime	@	8 75
ROPE, ℘ ℔	10 @	22
SALT, ℘ sack Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	65
Lisbon	@	
American	@	65
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40 @	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℘ M	5 00 @	6 50
Common	1 60 @	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50 @	3 50
SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Granu'd	@	[illegible]
Standard A	@	[illegible]
White Ex. C	@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden	4 @	[illegible]
C Yellow	@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern	3¼ @	4
STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel	8 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary	@	3 00
TALLOW, ℘ ℔	4 @	
WHISKEY, ℘ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2 00
North Carolina	1 00 @	2 00

AN ACROSTIC.

MOWERS.
URNS.
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CASTINGS.
HINGES.
IRON.
SPIKES.
OVENS.
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Orton Building,

dec 31 tf Wilmington, N. C.

We Are Headquarters

And The Largest Dealers in the State for

School Books,

adopted by the counties of North Carolina.

Merchants will find our discounts liberal, and will save freight and time by sending their orders to us.

We carry a large stock of

Blank Books and Office Supplies,

bought from first hands for cash and we guarantee lowest prices.

Sole Agents for Remington Standard Typewriters, and Edison's Mimeograph and Supplies.

Send for price list.

C. W. Yates & Co.

117 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

jan 10 tf

Christmas Purchasers.

Just Received

A large stock of the following

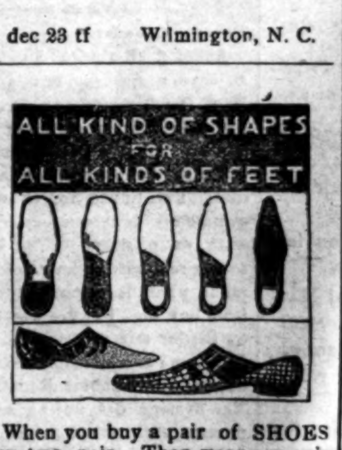
Wines & Liquors:

Native N. C. Scuppernong Wine.
Cooking Sherry Wine.
Duff Gordon's Wine, imported.
G. H. Mumm's Champagne.
Werner's Champagne.
Cochrane & Cantrel's Ginger Ale.
Bass' Ale.
Guiness' Stout.
Old Breezeland Rye.
Pure native North Carolina Mountain Corn Whiskey.
Apple and Peach Brandy.
At low prices. Give us a call.

SOL. BEAR,

No. 18 Market Street,

dec 23 tf Wilmington, N. C.



When you buy a pair of SHOES buy two pair. Then wear one pair a few days and let them rest while the other pair serves. Your SHOES will last MORE THAN TWICE AS LONG all other things being equal. Try it and prove for yourselves what seems to be a problem.

If you have seen a Shoe elsewhere you like tell us about it. We will try and get it for you.

Mercer & Evans,

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1897.

Groceries and Provisions.

Seed and Fertilizers.

Glue and Hoop Iron.

Peanuts.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Wholesale Grocers,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

jan 10 D&W tf

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE January 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market closed firm at 25¾ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 24¾ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 45 per bbl for Strained, and $1 50 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at 90 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Firm Hard 1.30, Soft 1.80 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 29¼@29c; rosin, strained, $1 35; good strained $1 40; tar $0 95; crude turpentine $1 50, 1 90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	81
Rosin	121
Tar	244
Crude Turpentine	51

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 6¾c for middling.

Ordinary	4⅜	cts ℘ ℔
Good Ordinary	5⅜	" "
Low Middling	6⅜	" "
Middling	6¾	" "
Good Middling	6 9-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¾c.

Receipts—570 bales; same day last year 572.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN.—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 11½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1 60 to 2 25; six inch, $2 50 to 3 50; seven inch; $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK January 25—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent; last loan at 1 per cent, closing offered at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange was inactive with actual business in bankers at bills 484½@484¾ for sixty days; 486½@486¾ for demand Commercial bills 483@484. Government bonds were strong; United States coupon fours 112; United States twos 96; State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 100; North Carolina sixes 122. Railroad bonds firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day was quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 25—Evening.—Cotton easy; middling 7½c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; January 6 99, February 6 99, March 7 06, April 7 13, May 7 19, June 7 24 July 7 28, August 7 29, September 6 99, October 6 84, November 6 84, December 6 89. Sales 96 500 bales.

Cotton—net receipts —— bales; gross 5,290 bales; exports to Great Britain 3 580 bales; to France 826 bales; to the Continent 5 857 bales; forwarded 489 bales; sales 3 298 bales; sales to spinners 198 bales; stock 285,934 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 33 487 bales; exports to Great Britain 12 419 bales; to France 825 bales; to the Continent 6,557 bales; stock 1,063,947 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 60 934 bales; exports to Great Britain 42,580 bales; to France 825 bales; to the Continent 21,737 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 3 423,545 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,243,008 bales; exports to France 490,818 bales; exports to the Continent 1,285,731 bales; to the Channel 5 481 bales.

Flour—the market was dull and easier; winter wheat, low grades $2 30@3 35; fair to fancy $3 50@4 75; do. patents $4 95@5 15; Minnesota clear $3 50@4 00. Southern flour was dull but steady; common to fair extra $3 30@3 65; good to choice $3 75@4 05. Wheat—spot dull and easier; No. 2 red free on board 95¾c; ungraded red 77c; options dull and weak at ⅛@⅝c decline No. 2 red January 88½c; March 89½c; May 85¾c; July 82½c Corn—spot dull but steady; No. 2 28½c at elevator and 29½c afloat; steamer mixed 27¼@27½c; No. 3 26¾c at elevator; options were dull and weak at ⅛c decline; January 28½c; May 29¾; July 30⅝c; September 32½c. Oats—spot quiet and steady; options dull and easier; January 22c; February 22c; May 22½c; July 22⅝c; spot prices—No. 2, 22c. No 2 white 24c; mixed Western 22@23c Lard quiet but steady; Western steam $4 25, nominal; city $3 70, January $4 25, refined lard dull; Continent $4 55 South America $4 80; compound $4 25@4 50 Pork dull; new mess $8 25@9 00. Butter—choice steady; demand moderate; State dairy 10@15½c; do. creamery 13@19c. Elgins 20c. Eggs firmer; State and Pennsylvania 16c; ice house 12½@18c; Western fresh 15½c; do. per case $3 00@3 00; Southern 15@15½c; limed 13c. Cotton seed oil quiet and steady; crude 20c; yellow prime 23@23½c. Rice firm, with a fair demand; domestic, fair to extra 3⅝@6c; Japan 4½@4¾c. Molasses steady, with a moderate demand; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 22@31c. Peanuts quiet; fancy handpicked 3⅝@4c. Coffee barely steady and 5 to 10 points down; February $9 30; May $9 35@9 40; July $9 45. September $9 40@9 50. October $9 50. spot Rio quiet and steady; No. 7 $9 87½. Sugar—raw was quiet and steady; fair refining 3 13 16c; refined quiet and steady; off A 3¾@4c; standard A 4½c; cut-loaf and crushed 4¾c; granulated 4¼c.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—Cash quotations: Flour was quiet, steady and unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 spring 77½@79½c; No. 2 red 88½@90½c. Corn—No. 2 22@22⅝c Oats—No 2 16c. Mess pork $7 92½@7 95 Lard, $3 95@3 97½. Short rib sides, loose, $3 95@4 20. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 25@4 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $4 12½@4 25. Whiskey $1 18.

The leading futures ranged as follows opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—January 78½, 78½, 77½, 76⅝c; May 80¾, 80½@80⅝, 79½@79⅝, 79½@79⅝c; July 76½, 76½, 75½@75⅝, 75⅝c Corn—January 22½, 22½, 22½, 22½c; May 24, 24@24½, 23⅝, 23⅞c; July 25½, 25½, 24⅞, 25c Oats—No 2 January 15⅛, 15⅛, 15½, 15½: May 18, 18, 17⅞, 17⅞@17⅞c; July 18⅜@18⅝, 18⅜@18⅝, 18½, 18⅜c Pork—January $7 90, 7 90, 7 90, 7 90, May 8 05, 8 05, 7 97½, 8 02½. Lard—January $3 95, 3 95, 3 95, 3 95, May $4 07½, 4 07½, 4 07½, 4 07½. Short ribs—January $4 05, 4 05, 4 05, 4 05; May $4 12½, 4 12½, 4 10, 4 10.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 25.—Flour dull. Western superfine $2 50@3 20; do extra $3 40@4 05, do family $4 40@4 75; winter wheat patents $4 90@5 15; do spring $4 60@4 85; do straight $4 40@4 60. Wheat dull, spot 90½c bid; May 87@87½c. Southern by sample 91@98c; do on grade 86@91c. Corn steady; spot and January 25½@25⅝c; February 25¾@25⅞c; March 26½@26⅝c; April 27@27½c. Steamer mixed 23½@23⅝c; Southern white 22@27c; do yellow 21½@26½c. Oats quiet; No. 2 white 24@24½c; No. 2 mixed 21@22c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

January 25.—Galveston, quiet at 7, net receipts 5 624 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 6 15 16, net receipts 1 701 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 7 5 16 net receipts — bales; Boston quiet at 7 5-16, net receipts 1,208 bales. Wilmington, firm at 6¾, receipts 570 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 7¼c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet at 6 13 16 net receipts 5,816 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 7, net receipts 13,226 bales; Mobile quiet at 6⅞ net receipts 3,478 bales; Memphis, quiet at 6 15 16, net receipts 2 048 bales; Augusta, quiet at 7⅛, net receipts 1 097 bales; Charleston, firm at 6 15-19, net receipts 2 332 bales

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 25.—12 30 P. M.—Cotton, fair demand American middling 4d. Sales 10 000 bales, of which 9,400 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 1 000 bales, of which none were American. Futures opened quiet and demand moderate. American middling (l m c) January and February 3 59 64d; February and March 3 59 64d; March and April 3 59 64d; April and May 3 60-64d; May and June 3 60 64d June and July 3 60 64d; July and August 3 61-631; September and October 3 52 64d. Futures steady.

Tenders at to-day's clearings 2 400 bales new docket and —— bales old docket.

4 P. M—American middling (l m c) January 3 58 64@3 59 64d value. January and February 3 58 64d buyer; February and March 3 58 64d buyer; March and April 3 58 64d buyer; April and May 3 58 64@3 59 64d seller; May and June 3 59 64d seller; June and July 3 59 64@3 60-64d buyer; July and August 3 59 64@3 60 64d buyer; August and September 3 58 64d buyer; September and October 3 51 64d buyer; October and November (unofficial) 3 47 64d value. Futures closed easy.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

Steamer E A Hawes, Ward, Clear Run, Jas Madden.

Schr Wm F Campbell, 168 tons, Strout, Cayenne, J T Riley & Co.

Schr Marion Hill, 193 tons, Armstrong, Aux Cayes, Geo Harriss, Son & Co,

CLEARED.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

Steamer E A Hawes, Ward, Clear Run, Jas Madden

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 26, 1897

SCHOONERS.

Dove (Br), 168 tons, Esdale, Geo Harris, Son & Co.

Wm Linthicum, 148 tons, Brannock Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Ella G Ells, 230 tons, Cushman Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

D J Sawyer, 288 tons, Kelly. ——.

R A Snow, 165 tons, Pilisbury Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

W C Wickham, 316 tons, Evan, Geo Harriss, Son & Co

Ida C S hoolcraft, 306 tons, Boove, Geo Harriss S n & Co.

Morancy, 160 tons, Torrey, J T Riley & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Faedrelandet (Ger) 983 tons, Christiansen, Heide & Co.

BARQUES.

Flora (Nor), 501 tons, Straubo J T Riley & Co.

MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
J. H. Kinsey, Maxton.
G. B Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

je 1m

A Sensible Plan
Next Pay Day

Is to take a few dollars from your pay envelope and with it start an account with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST CO. In the life of every working man and woman—there comes a time when a little laid aside proves a vast help—it may be sickness, it may be that a chance for a good investment may arise.

In any event, the habit of saving money must benefit you.

Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.,

Princess between Front and Second Streets.

jan 16 tf

DUCRO'S ALIMENTARY ELIXIR

IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED AS

A REMEDY FOR LUNG DISEASES

AND AS A

Preventive for Typhoid, Malaria.

And all kinds of Fevers.

Agts: E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

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L. H. Peterson and Henry McLean,

THE EXPERT BARBERS, CAN BE FOUND at No. 11 South Front street, where they will be pleased to serve their friends. First class work guaranteed. Shaving 10 cents Give us a call.

Respectfully,
A. PREMPERT,
No. 11 South Front street.

dec 29 tf

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea —the Mother's Friend.

Castoria destroys worms, allays feverishness, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, relieves teething troubles, and cures constipation. **Castoria** contains no paregoric, morphine, or opium in any form.

"For several years I have recommended Castoria, and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Avenue, New York City.

"**Castoria** is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford Str., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town First-class equipages Polite attention All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to

TELEPHONE NO. 15 TELEPHONE NO 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night Special attention give to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1 00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5 00. Carriage for funeral, $2 50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4 00 Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3 00 Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50 Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00 Team and trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3 50 Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1,50 Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

LEA & PERRINS

Signature is printed in BLUE diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper of every bottle of (the Original and Genuine) Worcestershire

Lea & Perrins

SAUCE

As a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States,

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.

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FASHIONS CHANGE

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POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

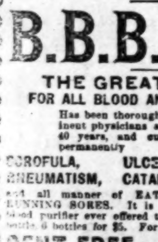
The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

feb 14 y



Save Paying Doctors' Bills

B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 40 years, and cures quickly and permanently

SCROFULA, ULCERS, ECZEMA, RHEUMATISM, CATARRH, ERUPTIONS, and all manner of EATING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. It is by far the best tonic and blood purifier ever offered to the world. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5. For sale by druggists.

SENT FREE BOOK OF WONDERFUL CURES. BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by R R. BELLAMY.

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THE BIRCH.

The delicate birch in its silver gown
Is decked with ducats of gold.
It flings its coin to the brooklet cold
That drops from the heathy down.

The brooklet carries that bright largesse
And sings as a gleeman should,
Wandering down to the willow wood
In a russet and rain gray dress.

The birch hath scattered its golden store,
And now, as spendthrift will,
It shivers and moans in the breezes chill
That whistle across the moor.

The brook hath squandered its guerdon bright,
And now, as a minstrel doth,
It seeks new songs in the undergrowth
That fills the forest of night.
—Pall Mall Gazette.

COSTLY VIOLINS.

Some of the Famous Instruments and Those Who Make Them.

The Amatis turned out instruments of great beauty, some, indeed, being of indescribable grace and finish, but the tone is rather soft—small and without "body," as the violinist would put it—and for this reason their violins do not command the highest figures. A Nicola Amati may be had for from £20 to £360, according to size, pattern, preservation, pedigree, etc. A good Andreas Amati, more suitable for chamber than for ordinary concert use, can be got for £50. Andreas, who died about 1577, was the founder of the Amati family. Very few authentic instruments of his make are extant, and those that do exist are not in a high state of preservation. Nicola, the grandson, was the most eminent of the name, and he is besides deserving of social honor as having been the master of Stradivarius. Although he worked, as a rule, on the small pattern adopted by the rest of the Amatis, he made some very fine large violins—the so called "grand Amatis"—which are almost worshiped in these days, and which hold the field in the matter of prices. Even during his lifetime his instruments were in high repute. Charles IX of France gave him an order for 12 violins, 6 violas and 6 'cellos, for his private band.

Before the French revolution (1789) most of these instruments could be seen in the chapel royal, but after the days of the 5th and 6th of October, 1790, they all mysteriously disappeared, and their subsequent history is uncertain. One of them, a 'cello, was sold in the early years of the century to Sir William Curtis. It was put up at 500 guineas and bought in at 280 guineas. In 1872 the instrument belonged to the Rev. A. H. Bridges, who showed it in the loan exhibition of that year.

In Stradivarius and Guarnerius del Jesu we reach the zenith of perfection in violin making. The Guarnerius family, like the Amatis, consisted of several distinct makers, whose work is often confused. They all form an important branch of the Cremona school, but when violinists speak of a Guarnerius they mean an instrument by the last of the race—to wit, the Joseph Guarnerius who was born in 1687 and who is designated "del Jesu," from the curious habit he had of putting a cross and the letters "I. H. S." on his labels. Guarnerius del Jesu stands next to Stradivarius himself as the greatest violin maker the world has ever seen, and it is with him that the art may be said to have died.—Cornhill Magazine.

When the Day Will Be a Month Long.

Do you know that the day, which is now only 24 hours long, is slowly increasing in length, and that it will eventually be 25, 26 or even 100 hours in length? This statement, strange as it may sound to one who has never read the results of observations made on that score, is believed to be true in every respect. Not only will the earth's motion slow up until the day will be one, two and three times as long as it is at present, but this pace slackening process will increase with time, until the day will eventually be a week or even a month in length. The "retarding medium," which the astronomers speak of as being the cause of this phenomena, is not fully understood at present. Professor Ball says that it is the friction of the tides which is responsible for the most of it. He urges that the time will come when the day will be a full year in length! Others among the investigators along this line declare that it will be absolutely impossible for this day lengthening process to increase beyond one lunar month.

This certainly looks plausible if we consider the tides as being the cause of the trouble. However, Professor Ball, who has long been astronomer royal of Ireland and the greatest British authority on astronomy, knows just about whereof he speaks, and if he says the day must eventually lengthen a year we had better prepare for the nightless season without asking any questions.—St. Louis Republic.

Harlow's Great Scheme.

Enter the man of the house with a telegram in his hand. "Too bad! Too bad! Here I am called to New York in the most unexpected manner on business of the greatest importance to the firm. I will be compelled to stay there two weeks, just when you are ready to move and need me so much!"

"Why, Harlow, I never heard of such a disgraceful thing in my life—leaving me to move alone, when there are new carpets to put down and new curtains to put up, and you not around to help!"

"You must hire a man, my love."

"But the expense!"

"Oh, hang the expense! You don't suppose I'm going to let you do it yourself? Not much! I'd rather pay double than have you killed with worry! Now I must pack and be off."

Wife (next morning)—What luck! Think of having everything my own way for two weeks, without Harlow driving me to despair by his notions. I'll hire a worm that won't dare to call his soul his own and have things done for once the way I want them.

Husband (en route)—Wasn't that dead easy, though? I know the little woman will miss me and grieve over my absence, but I'll buy her a nice present and make it all right. Great thought, that telegram!—Detroit Free Press.

A Delicious Beverage.

When grapes are plentiful, a most delicate beverage may be obtained by pressing the juice from the grapes. Little presses are to be had for the purpose. But many grapes are necessary to make this delicious drink. Thus treated, the useless seeds, skins and pulp are prevented from burdening and taxing the digestive apparatus, and nothing can be nicer than this fresh, rich grape juice.—Womankind.

SICILY'S BRIGANDS.

THOSE OF RECENT YEARS MERELY BANDED ASSASSINS.

Twenty Years Ago Brigandage Had a Flavor of Romance—Later the Bands Were Composed Chiefly of Murderers and Other Criminals—Matters of Record.

It has been the fashion of late years among Sicilians to speak of brigandage as a thing of the past, says Scipio Sighele in the Archives d'Anthropologie Criminelle, but as a matter of fact one band of Sicilian brigands has flourished in the district of San Mauro for the past six or seven years and is not yet quite destroyed. This band, perhaps the last of the long line of Sicilian brigands, is simply an association of assassins without any of the romance attached to some of the profession.

Sicilian brigandage of 20 years ago had about it the flavor of romance. For example, Baron Sigardi, riding out one day in 1874 with some friends, was suddenly surrounded by a larger body of horsemen under the brigand Capraro. The baron and his party were courteously told that they were prisoners, and the whole cavalcade proceeded some distance until the baron was singled out and politely requested to permit himself to be blindfolded. Some hours later he found himself in an elegantly appointed house, where he dined sumptuously at a table furnished with beautiful linen and handsome silver, all the luxuries of the season, and even ice, being served. After the payment of a ransom of $30,000 the baron was again put in possession of his watch and bank notes and escorted almost to the railway station. At parting with him his escort begged the honor of being permitted to kiss his hand.

San Mauro lies 69 miles from Palermo and 21 from Cefalu. The latter place is reached by a ride of six hours in a diligence over rough mountain roads. The people of San Mauro are mostly field laborers and almost 6,000 in number. A band of brigands infested the region from 1870 to 1876. They were 15 in number, under the leaders Rocca and Rinaldini. They were clad in a uniform of blue velvet, riding boots and a distinctive hat. Each wore upon his finger a ring with the initial "R," in honor of the leaders. They were armed with double barreled carbines, revolvers and poniards. They had fine horses and many masks and other devices for disguises, including uniforms of the local gendarmes. It was their pleasant way, on meeting the servant of some rich proprietor, to say:

"I saw your master yesterday on a horse that pleased me. Have it at —— tomorrow." And the horse was usually delivered according to demand.

Rocca died by his own hand rather than yield to the soldiers that had besieged him in a house for two hours. Rinaldini was killed in an encounter with the troops in August, 1876, and the band was dispersed.

Fourteen years later a new band of San Mauro brigands suddenly appeared in the haunts of the old band. The leaders were Melchiorre Candino and Placido Rinaldini, a relative of the other brigand chief. The newcomers with their chiefs numbered 11. They wore almost the same uniform as their predecessors, though the blue velvet was sometimes replaced with reddish brown, yellow or black. They had the spurred riding boots and good horses, but not the multitude of devices for disguise, as a handkerchief covering part of the face served their purpose. Candino is a peasant of San Mauro. He took the field in May, 1889, after having done four murders. Within a year Rinaldini and nine other brigands, all from the region of San Mauro, had joined him. Within the next two years the band assassinated more than 20 persons.

This new band of San Mauro flourished by reason of deep seated principles of the Sicilian nature. Many of their murders were done for the private revenge of individual brigands. Others were by way of punishment for what the brigands esteem treachery, the revelation of the movements of the band to the soldiery or the bearing of truthful witness in court against captured brigands or their friends. Revenge is a prime principle of the Sicilian, and silence in court is another.

An injured Sicilian does not testify against his enemy in court, because he is too proud to have the government attend to a matter that should be one for private revenge. "The truth to the confessor and to no one else," is a Sicilian proverb. Louis Mazzola, one of the San Mauro band, killed in 1884 one Cassataro, the husband of his mistress, and through the courageous testimony of the murdered man's relatives was found guilty and sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment. He escaped in 1890, and, regardless of the danger of detection, went straight to his old home to revenge himself upon the brother of his former victim. He found that the safest thing to do was to enter the band of brigands, and the band made Mazzola's vengeance its own. Cassataro, being in his garden with his wife and children, was approached by three men who represented themselves as from the local military commander and commissioned to fetch him away. They hurried him off, but the wife, suspicious, sent to the military commander and learned that her husband was not in the hands of the authorities. Searchers hurried into the mountains and found the dead body of Cassataro with three bullet wounds in the heart. This occurred in 1892.

The chief newspaper of Palermo, in commenting on this crime, called for the suppression of the brigands. About three weeks later the editor received from Candino a note for publication saying that, while it was true that Mazzola had taken his revenge, the band was not made up of indiscriminate assassins. Disgusted with the unjust abuse to which they were subjected, the brigands had withdrawn from San Mauro to the heart of the mountains. The letter closed with salutations to the editor and assurances of esteem. Accompanying it was a five franc note to pay for its insertion in the newspaper. The earlier band of San Mauro had also issued a proclamation, posting it on the church door in 1876, but Candino, more modern in his methods, had reached his public through a newspaper.

Hawkins and His Dog.

Not long ago Mr. Justice Hawkins had a fox terrier named Jack. Once at Warwick Jack and his master were caught ratting by a farmer on the banks of the Avon. His lordship, nowise disconcerted, tendered a sovereign to cover the trespass, which the farmer, affronted by such a cool proceeding, refused with indignation.

"You had better take it," said the judge. "It's a reasonable offer." Then the farmer got so angry that Sir Henry announced himself. "And, what is more, sir," said he, "you shall go with me to the Warwick Arms and crack a bottle of champagne with that sovereign immediately." The story adds that there was free ratting for Jack on that bit of land as long as he lived.

There are other stories about Jack, and it is said that when sitting on the bench with his master he once ventured to express his opinions on the matters before him in a singularly loud tone. The tale goes that Sir Henry, with the greatest promptitude, directed the ushers to "turn that dog out of the gallery." The ushers of course did not find a dog in the gallery and nobody ventured to look under the bench.

On solemn occasions Jack was always attached to the judge's wrist by a long blue ribbon, and many a junior has beguiled the tedium of a case by watching the ribbon gradually unroll as Jack pursued his investigations, while Sir Henry every now and then "hauled in the slack."—London Tit-Bits.

Didn't Want His Share.

Perry Patettic—What do you think of this here idea of the progress of the country bein mostly doo to the division of labor?

Wayworn Watson—Oh, I guess it is all right, but they needn't take the trouble to divide no labor with me.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Brute Appreciated It.

Mrs. Wabash—I wish, George, dear, that you might arrange it to stay at home once in awhile at night. It is so lonesome here evenings.

Mr. Wabash—That's just the reason I'm going out.—Vanity.

Texas has been aptly denominated the Lone Star State, from the appearance of a single star in the arms of that commonwealth.

MARSHAL CANROBERT.

A Fearless French Soldier Whose Flowing Hair Belonged to History.

It was a singular fact that the late Marshal Canrobert, the last of the French marshals, offered in himself a constant example of the violations of the regulations of the army in which he was so conspicuous an officer.

Throughout almost the whole of his military service Canrobert wore long hair flowing down upon his shoulders, and this hair was a sort of oriflamme to the soldiers.

But ever since the year 1838 the French army regulations have positively required that every officer and soldier shall wear closely cut hair, "without any tufts, curls or ringlets whatsoever," and severe penalties are provided for persistence in letting the hair grow long.

Canrobert had a profuse mass of hair which he was very proud of. It was cropped to his great grief when he went into the military school of St. Cyr in 1826, but when, as a young officer, he went into the Algerian war in 1835 he profited by the relaxation of many regulations there to let his hair grow down his shoulders again.

Several years later, also in Algeria, Colonel Canrobert, bareheaded, led a heroic charge at Zaatcha, and his long, floating hair in the thick of the combat served as a rallying sign to the zouaves as they swarmed through the breach.

After this war Canrobert's head of hair had already become so famous that no superior ventured to command him to cut it off, through General Pelissier, who hated him, once called him "professor" in a cafe in Paris, and by way of excuse affected to have mistaken him for a doctor of philosophy on account of his hair.

The Emperor Napoleon III did once venture to remonstrate with Canrobert for wearing long hair. The marshal's response was very "Frenchy."

"Sire," he said, "my hair belongs to history!"

He did not cut it. It floated all through the French and German war, becoming legendary among the soldiers. Long since it became snow white and fell upon the old marshal's shoulders in his declining days, and it clustered about them as his body lay in state in Paris.—Paris Correspondence.

A MONTANA REMINISCENCE.

The New Fledged Banker Threw Up His Hands For the First Customer.

One of the "old settler" lawyers of Billings, Mon., has been spinning early times stories to The Gazette, among them being the following:

"In the year 1882 H. H. Mund came in here from Deadwood to start a bank. Although he wasn't exactly verdant, he had not been out west long and had a very considerable respect for six shooters and other implements of a like nature which were worn as ornaments by almost every one in those days. He had some experience, too, in dancing in Deadwood, at which times he would become very playful and his antics afforded much amusement to those who gathered to look on. For this and for other reasons he had become very conservative and avoided mingling in any questionable society.

"The building in which the bank was to be located was a frame, and was not finished when Mund and the safe arrived, so the safe was put temporarily in a tent, which was occupied by Tulley, Hart & Frieze as a hardware store. Mund had been in these quarters but a few days when a rough, wild looking man, dressed in Montana broadcloth, with a winchester over one arm and a brace of six shooters in his belt, stepped into the tent and in a gruff voice inquired for the new banker. Mund was pointed to as the man wanted, and the westerner approached.

"'Ugh! Are you the new banker?' said the stranger.

"'Yes, sir. Anything I can do for you?'

"The stranger reached down in his pockets, and in an instant up went Mund's hands and his face became as pale as death, while his knees knocked together and became so weak that he could not take refuge in flight.

"A broad smile spread over the face of Tom McGirl, the cattle baron, as—instead of a six shooter, as Mund expected—he drew out $25,000 in bills for deposit and asked in his gruff, businesslike way:

"'Are you ready to do a little business?'

"The agony was over and Mund's pulse soon began to beat regularly again."—Billings Gazette.

Dark Horse Outgo.

The man of finance who had ventured into politics was looking thoughtfully over his accounts.

"It sometimes takes a good deal of money to start a man in the line of his ambition," he remarked.

"It's money that makes the mare go," his secretary answered.

"Very true. But I don't believe it takes near as much money to make the mare go as it does to make the dark horse go."—Washington Star.

All Soups the Same to Him.

Guest (to waiter)—I can't eat this soup.

Waiter takes it away and brings another kind of soup.

Guest—I can't eat this soup.

Waiter angrily but silently for the third time brings another kind.

Guest (again)—I can't eat this soup.

Waiter, furious, calls the hotel proprietor.

Proprietor (to guest)—Why can't you eat this soup, sir?

Guest (quietly)—Because I have no spoon.—Texas Siftings.

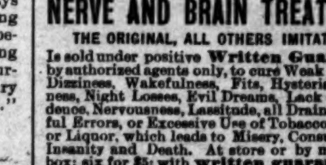
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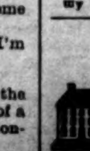
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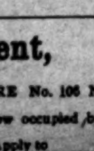
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RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$556,687 17	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	15 76	Surplus	$15,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	50,000 00	Undivided profits	17,728 91— 62,728 91
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	44 970 00
Due from other Banks	155,701 84	Total Deposits	719,521 63
Cash on hand	179,815 77—335,517 61		
Total	$952,2[illegible]0 54	Total	$952,220 54

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JAN. 19, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.55 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 a m, Warsaw 11.11 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.22 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.46 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.55 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.08 p m, Boston 6.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.25 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.32 p m, Chadbourn 5.04 p m, Marion 6.05 p m, Florence 6.45 p m, Sumter 8.45 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.20 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 4.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.03 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.18 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.05 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.06 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9 25 a m, Sanford 3.19 p m, Jacksonville 7 00 p m, Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.45 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 7.12 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 6.45 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.50 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 25 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N.C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.30 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.50 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8 30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.13 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9 10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m., returning leaves Rowland 5 38 p m, arrives Dillon 5.56 p m, Latta 6.09 p m, Pee Dee 6.30 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 25 p m, Chadbourn 5.20 p m, arrive Hub 6.00 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 43 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.26 a m, Manning 9.05 a m. arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.15 p m, arrive Selma 2.50 p m, Smithfield 2.55 p m, Dunn 3.35 p m, Fayetteville 4.15 p m, 1.10 a m, Rowland 5.38 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 a m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.48 p m, 12.10 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 30 a m, Creston 5 2· a m, arrive Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, Creston 5 47 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9 15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m, Returning leave Lucknow 6 05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3 30 p m.

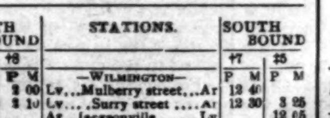
†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 21 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND *6	NORTH BOUND †8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	SOUTH BOUND 25
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	2 00	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	2 10	Lv...Surry street...Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar .Jacksonville.......Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 42	10 2[illegible]
11 58	4 30	Lv...Maysville........Lv	10 09	9 18
12 20	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville.......Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 2[illegible]	Ar...Newbern..........Lv	9 20	8 10
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.

Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N C. R. R for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

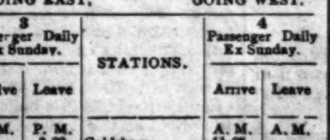
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 22 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston	10 32	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 27	6 42	Morehead City...	8 01	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a m, and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

Combination Bicycle FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at STAR OFFICE.

ap 7 tf

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and excellent for Placing Under Carpets

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DECEMBER 20, 189[illegible].

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 45 p. m.	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	7 00 a.
4 35 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	11 00 a m
4 18 "	Ar...Fayetteville...Lv	11 21 "
4 12 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	11 27 "
2 55 "	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 00 p. m
12 43 "	Lv......Climax......Lv	2 55 "
12 15 "	Lv....Greensboro...Ar	3 25 "
11 55 a m	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	3 35 "
11 07 "	Lv....Stokesdale....Lv	4 28 "
10 22 "	Lv..Walnut Cove...Lv	4 55 "
0 04 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	5 26 "
8 40 "	Lv....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 [illegible]0 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennetsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
[illegible] 52 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 30 a. m.
6 17 "	Lv......Maxton.....Ar	9 40 "
5 36 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	10 18 "
[illegible]4 45 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	11 01 "
[illegible] 28 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	11 19

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 05 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
4 20 "	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	8 35 "
3 25 "	Lv ... Greensboro. .. Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED, daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED, daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro	[illegible]40 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

jan 14 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

WEST AND SOUTH.

APRIL 5th, 1896.		No. 41	No. 403
		P. M.	A. M.
Leave Wilmington,	S. A. L.	* 3 20	
Arrive Maxton	"	6 12	
Arrive Hamlet	"	6 5[illegible]	
Leave Hamlet	"	7 15	* 9 10
Arrive Wadesboro	"	8 01	9 52
Arrive Monroe	"	8 55	10 40
Leave Monroe	"	9 10	10 45
Arrive Charlotte	"	10 20	11 35
			P. M.
Arrive Lincolnton	"		12 56
Arrive Shelby	"		1 50
Arrive Rutherfordton	"		3 00
		A. M	
Leave Hamlet	S. A. L.	† 9 25	
Arrive Osborne	"	9 50	
" Kollock	"	10 25	
" Cheraw	"	10 4[illegible]	
			P. M.
Leave Cheraw	S. A. L.		† 5 38
" Kollock	"		5 50
" Osborne	"		6 25
Arrive Hamlet	"		6 50
		P M.	
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L.	* 3 20	
			A. M.
" Monroe	"	9 05	*10 45
Arrive Chester	"	10 32	12 08
			P. M.
" Clinton	"	11 58	1 20
		A. M.	
" Greenwood	"	1 00	2 33
" Abbeville	"	1 32	2 58
" Elberton	"	2 36	4 00
" Athens	"	3 38	5 1[illegible]
" Atlanta	"	5 2[illegible]	6 45
Leave Atlanta	A. & W. P.	5 35	
Ar Montgomery	West of Ala.	10 45	
		P. M.	
Arrive Mobile	L. & N.	4 10	
" New Orleans	"	* 8 30	
		A. M.	P. M.
Arrive Columbia	C. N. & L.	*10 00	* 4 30
		A. M	P. M.
Arrive Augusta	P. R. & W. C.	† 9 35	* 5 0[illegible]
			P. M.
Arrive Macon	M. & N.		* 6 [illegible]

EAST AND NORTH.

APRIL 5th, 1896.		No 38	No 402
			P. M.
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L		* 3 20
		A. M	
Arrive Hamlet	"		6 55
Leave Hamlet	"	* 8 15	10 35
Arrive Southern Pines	"	9 15	11 21
			A. M.
" Raleigh	"	11 35	1 21
		P. M.	
" Henderson	"	1 0	3 38
" Weldon	"	* 3 00	* 4 05
		P M	A. M
Arrive Portsmouth	S. A. L	* 5 50	* 7 30
" Norfolk	"	6 00	7 50
		P. M.	A. M.
Arrive Richmond	A. C. L	* 6 40	* 6 40
" Washington	P. R. R.	11 10	10 45
		A. M.	P. M.
" Baltimore	"	12 4[illegible]	12 05
" Philadelphia	"	3 45	2 20
" New York	"	* 6 53	* 4 53

Arrive in Wilmington from all points North, East, South and West, 12 50 noon Daily, and 8.50 a. m. daily except Monday.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Atlanta. Trains 403, 402, 41 and 38

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Portsmouth. Trains 402, 403, 38 and 41.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Washington. Trains 403 and 402 Trains 403 and 402 are "The Atlanta Special."

Pullman Sleepers between Charlotte and Richmond. Trains 402 and 403.

Close connections at Atlanta for New Orleans, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and the West and Northwest

Close connections at Portsmouth for Washington, Baltimore Philadelphia, New York and the East.

*Daily. †Daily ex Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Monday

For further information apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

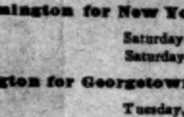
V. E. McBEE, Gen Supt.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.

ma 12 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Jan. 23
ONEIDA,	Saturday,	Jan. 30

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA,	Saturday,	Jan. 23
CROATAN,	Saturday,	Jan. 30

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA,	Tuesday,	Jan. 19
CROATAN,	Tuesday,	Jan. 26

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M. Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents Bowling Green N. Y.

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BIG G

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

jan 21 1y th sa tu

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING JAN. 26, 1897

SENATOR TILLMAN'S BILL

To Meet the Defect in the South Carolina Liquor Law.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, has introduced in the Senate a bill to meet the defect in the South Carolina dispensary law pointed out by the recent decision in the United States Supreme Court. The bill provides:

"That all fermented, distilled or other intoxicating liquors or liquids transported into any State or Territory, or remaining therein for use, consumption, sale or storage therein, shall upon arrival within the limits of said State or Territory be subject to the operation and effect of the laws of said State or Territory enacted for the control and policing of the liquor traffic, absolutely, to the same extent and in the manner as though such liquors or liquids had been produced in such State or Territory, and shall not be exempt therefrom by reason of being introduced therein in original packages for private use or otherwise, and such States shall have absolute control of such liquors or liquids within their borders, by whomsoever produced and for whatever use imported: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as affecting the internal revenue laws."

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—The *Sun* says: Spot cotton declined 1-16c, with sales of 2,600 bales for export and 198 for spinning; 500 bales were delivered on contract.

The speculation to-day was devoid of interesting developments. The trading was in the main of a local scalping character and the fluctuations in prices were confined within narrow limits. Liverpool was lower and prices here declined in sympathy at the opening. After the first transactions, however, the tone became stronger in the absence of any decided selling pressure and prices slowly advanced. Local shorts covered and Liverpool bought here on a moderate scale. Before the close, however, the prices weakened again and slowly receded, the market closing steady at a slight decline for the day. The receipts were free and the New Orleans estimate for to-morrow was also liberal, but the worst feature was the stagnation of speculation.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

May Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed at a Decline in Prices—Pork Higher—Lard and Ribs Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO Jan. 25—The bull enthusiasm which displayed some energy was all gone from wheat to-day. May wheat opened at 80¼@80⅜; and 79¼@79⅜c, closing at 79⅛@79⅝c—⅛@⅝c under Saturday. Cash wheat was easy and ⅛c lower.

May corn opened at 24c, sold between 24@24⅛c and 23⅞c, closing at the inside—⅜; under Saturday. Cash corn was firm and ⅛c higher, closing nominally easy with the futures.

Oats drifted in the direction taken by wheat. Occasionally active moments were seen, but business transactions were mainly local. May closed a shade lower than Saturday.

A stronger hog market contributed firmness to provisions at the opening, but the improvement was not permanent, the weakness of wheat eventually exerting influence and causing an easier feeling. At the close moderate covering by shorts steadied the market. May pork closed 2½c higher, May lard and ribs each a shade lower.

PILOTS' ASSOCIATION.

Annual Convention in Session at Washington, D. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The annual convention of the American Masters' and Pilots' Association is in session here to-day. The convention is composed of one delegate from each of the forty-seven lodges in the country, covering the territory between Portland, Me., Portland, Ore., Duluth, Minn., to New Orleans. The object of the Order is to obtain legislation for the benefit of the pilots on the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, the Gulf of Mexico and the Great Lakes. The following officers of the Order are in attendance: W. S. VanKeuren, Grand Captain; B. F. Perkins, Grand Captain's Clerk; William S. Darke, Grand First Pilot; W. D. McManus, Grand Second Pilot; Luther B. Dow, Grand Purser.

YOU CAN BE WELL when your blood is rich, pure and nourishing. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the blood rich and pure and cures all blood diseases, restoring health and vigor.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, headache. 25c. †

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 25.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 70 @1 72½. Spirits turpentine quiet at 27½@28c.

CHARLESTON, January 25—Spirits turpentine dull and nothing doing. Rosin firm; sales — barrels: A, B C. D $1 45. E F $1 50. G $1 55. H $1 60 I $1 80 K $1 85. M $1 80. N $1 85. W G $2 00. W W $2 10.

SAVANNAH, January 25 —Spirits turpentine very firm at 25½c: sales 189 casks; receipts 573 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales; receipts 5.195 barrels.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

RECOGNITION OF CUBA.

TURPIE ARGUES THAT CONGRESS HAS PARAMOUNT POWER.

Favors an Immediate Declaration of Belligerency—Arbitration Treaty Discussed by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations—Delaware Contested Senatorship—Pacific Railroads—Eulogies Upon Ex-Speaker Crisp.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 25—The condition of affairs in connection with the choice of a Senator from the State of Delaware was called to the attention of the Senate to day by Mr. Burrows of Michigan, Republican, who presented a paper signed by the three Presidential electors for that State, in which it is asserted that through illegal and fraudulent action a majority of about 500 Republican votes in Kent county had been changed into a Democratic majority of about 200. Mr. Burrows also presented a paper signed by the Speaker of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, asserting that the legislators chosen by the people were evicted from the State Capitol and that the powers of the State government were usurped by a corrupt oligarchy. Both papers urged the Senate to take action in the premises. In connection with the same subject, Mr. Chandler of New Hampshire, Republican, announced his intention to suggest to the Senate whether some method cannot be fixed "to prevent the wholesale larceny of Senatorships in various States."

A resolution was offered by Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota, Silverite, and was referred to the Committee on Contingent Expenses, for a select committee to inquire into the issue of land grants to the Pacific Railroads, and as to the diversion from the gross earnings of the subsidies paid by the companies to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. And notice was given by Mr. Gear of Iowa, chairman of the Pacific Railroad Committee, that after the Nicaraguan Canal bill was out of the way he would ask the Senate to consider the Pacific Railroad Commission bill—Mr. White of California, Democrat, giving notice that objection would be made to the consideration of that bill.

A bill providing that no person shall be tried in a United States court for acts in aid of the Republic of Cuba was introduced by Mr. Chandler, and was referred to the Judiciary Committee. And then, in pursuance of previous notice, Mr. Turpie (Democrat) addressed the Senate in a long constitutional argument to prove that the primary and paramount power to recognize a new State is vested not in the President of the United States, but in Congress, under that clause of the Constitution which declares that Congress shall have power to regulate commerce—that is, according to Mr. Turpie, intercourse—with foreign States. He spoke for two hours and a half, and had not concluded when the hour fixed for eulogies on ex Speaker Crisp, of Georgia, arrived. In the course of his speech he indulged in vituperation of Captain General Weyler as "an indescribably diminutive reptile;" as "a man who used his sword against women and children," and who met his enemy with paper pellets and proclamations. Mr. Turpie favored an immediate declaration of belligerency, which would be followed, he said, by the issue of letters of marque and reprisal and by the appearance of privateers—"militia of the seas"—that would sweep Spanish commerce from the ocean and would close the market to Spanish bonds and securities. Mr. Turpie will continue his speech to-morrow.

The eulogies on ex Speaker Crisp were delivered by Senators Gordon of Georgia, Democrat, Gallinger of New York, Republican, Gorman of Maryland, Democrat, Berry of Arkansas, Democrat, Mills of Texas, Democrat, Carter of Montana, Republican, Daniel of Virginia, Democrat, and Bacon of Georgia, Democrat.

The Senate then, at 4.20, adjourned until to-morrow.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations discussed the general treaty of arbitration this morning for more than an hour, but no conclusion was reached on any point; the whole time seems to have been devoted to discussion of the relations of the Nicaraguan canal and the Clayton-Bulwer treaty to this proposed new convention. Many suggestions were offered, but none took tangible form.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The House began business to-day by passing, on motion of Mr. Sayers of Texas, Democrat, the Senate bill to provide for an examination and survey of a water route from the mouth of the jetties at the city of Galveston, Texas, through the ship canal and up Buffalo bayou to the city of Boston.

Following this action, the House disposed of a lot of miscellaneous business, and toward the close of the session entered upon the consideration of the Indian Appropriation bill. In the time allotted to general debate on the measure Mr. Johnson of Indiana, Republican, gave to the House at length his views upon the necessity for a revision of the currency and banking laws. After disposing of about a quarter of the text of the bill, which includes about eighty printed pages, the House at 5.10 o'clock adjourned until to-morrow.

The conference report upon the Immigration bill was presented by Mr. Danford of Ohio, Republican, who gave notice that he would ask the House to take it up Wednesday and dispose of it.

ANOTHER FAILURE.

The National Bank at Pottsdam, New York, Closed Its Doors.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GOUVENEUR N. Y., Jan. 25.—The National Bank at Pottsdam, N. Y., closed its doors at 3 o'clock this afternoon. There was no run, but one would have been probable had not this been done. The officials of the bank state that all the depositors will be paid in full. The bank examiner is expected to-morrow. The true condition of the bank cannot be learned until he has made an examination, but it is believed that the statement of the bank officials will be borne out. The bank was organized in 1851 as the Frontier Bank, changing later to the National system. It has run continually since that date. Luke Usher is its president. Its capital stock is given at $200,000; surplus, $40,000, undivided profits, $8 000; deposits, $850,000, and loans and discounts, $500 000. The failure, it is said, is due to unfortunate investments made of late.

EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS

Will Be Called By President-Elect McKinley in March.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 25.—Unless he should change his mind in the meantime, President-elect McKinley will call an extra session of Congress for Monday, March 15.

This information was given to Congressman-elect J. C. Sturdevant, of Crawford, Erie district, by Major McKinley in Canton, a few days ago.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

WEYLER'S CAMPAIGN.

WAGING WAR UPON THE SUGAR PLANTERS IN CUBA.

Continues on His March Without Deviating from Highways and Railroad Lines—Burning and Destroying Everything—Horrible Brutalities of the Spanish Troops at Guanabacoa—Rumors of Landing of Expeditions in Aid of the Insurgents.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KEY WEST, FLA., Jan. 25—Advices from Havana say that the conflict between the sugar planters and Weyler continues with more bitterness than ever. Both are determined to carry out their purposes, and the unusual spectacle is presented of two contending parties fighting with one another without openly declaring hostilities. Weyler, on one side, is trying to prevent them from grinding, but without stating it officially; and the planters, on the other, as in defiance to his orders, are boldly initiating their crop. Who will be the victor is a matter to be seen. For the present it is known that only about a dozen sugar estates are already grinding in the several provinces of the island, but that many others are making preparations to that end. On the other hand, it is known on good authority that Weyler has given orders to his troops to burn all the cane fields on their march, especially of those estates whose owners have declared their intention to grind cane in spite of his orders, for instance, "Constancia," belonging to the Marquis of Apezeteguia, who has just gone over to Spain to complain against Weyler. The consequence is that the principal sugar belt of the island, say the Cienfuegos district, is said to be ablaze. Matanzas and Havana districts are also on fire. Over a million five hundred thousand "arrobas" or quarters of cane have been burnt in the "Pilar" estate, near Artemisa, two days ago. The damage done cannot be easily calculated. In the "Constancia" case, the direct sufferers will be Americans, who control a great interest in that property, represented by $75,000 loaned on the same by an American syndicate.

Of the war nothing much can be said. With the exception of the Cauto affair, of which there are incomplete details, no important happenings have occurred. Weyler continues on his march without deviating from the highways and railway lines. Despite the strong column marching with him, he apparently fears to enter the unexplored region. As he burns and destroys everything in his passage, he illuminates his way as if he carried a torch in his hand and the rebels can easily avoid any encounters with his solid column. Thus it is explained why he has no encounters with them.

To give an idea of the notorious Fondeviela's character, here is an instance: When it was reported to him that all the Spanish officers had been released he remarked: "Aranguren did well in setting them free; otherwise there would not remain a single Cuban male alive to day in Guanabacoa."

The arrests and killing of the unfortunate citizens of that unhappy town continues as ever, and as he has prohibited their removal to this city or other places, their situation can easily be considered. Persons who have visited the town say nothing more shocking can be seen. All the houses are closed, ladies fear to look out of the windows as the soldiers will surely insult them, few citizens walk around the streets and only armed soldiers, soiled and repulsive, are to be seen.

Rumors of the landing of expeditions have been afloat in Havana for the last few days. One is said to have landed in Pinar Del Rio and the other around Manzanillo. The exact location has not been ascertained. The forces under Weyler's command number 14,000 infantry, a cavalry regiment and twenty-two pieces of artillery.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Ex-Queen Lil's Visit to President Cleveland—Supreme Court Adjourned—Nominations Before the Senate—American Citizens Arrested by the Spaniards in Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Ex Queen Liliuokalani paid a personal visit to President Cleveland to-day. It was entirely informal and was so designated in the note sent by the deposed monarch to the President, requesting the privilege of calling, and the answer of the latter granting it. The call lasted about fifteen minutes and after making their adieus to the President Liliuokalani and her attendants went out into the freezing atmosphere again and entered their carriage. They were driven immediately to the Shoreham, where the party is stopping.

"The Queen was received delightfully," said Mr. Palmer, "her reception could not have been pleasanter and the President showed himself to be a most agreeable and kindly gentleman." Mr. Palmer said that no plans had been made for Liliuokalani's future movements. He did not know how long she would remain in Washington.

Chief Justice Fuller announced to-day that the Supreme Court would take the usual February recess, beginning next Monday, and ending Monday, March 1st.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs to-day ordered favorably reported the resolution requesting the Secretary of State to give the House the present status of the treaty by which the United States and Great Britain are restricted from building or maintaining war vessels on the great lakes.

The Senate Committee on Judiciary took no action on the nomination of William D. McHugh, nominated to be District Judge for the district of Nebraska. The weekly postponement of the consideration of this nomination is looked upon as an indication of the desire of the committee to leave this appointment hung up until the end of the session. The nomination of Charles B. Howrey, of Mississippi, to be Associate Justice of the Court of Claims and Charles F. Armidon to be District Judge for the district of North Dakota, was ordered to be favorably reported with the proviso that action shall not be taken by the Senate until Senator George, in the one case, and Senator Hansbrough in the other, can be heard from.

The President to-day sent to the Senate, in response to a resolution, a list of American citizens, either native born or naturalized, who have been arrested in Cuba since the beginning of the present insurrection, together with the action taken in each case. Of these seven have been tried and appeals were taken in two instances from the sentence imposed—those of Sanguilly and Someillin. In the cases of the five Competitor prisoners a new trial has been ordered. Seven American newspaper correspondents were also arrested and banished.

Will Wright and Ned Roseman fought with pistols on Saturday night in Laurens county, S. C. Agnes Thomas 14 years of age, was accidently killed. All colored. The fight between the men was over twenty five cents.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE COLD WAVE.

TEMPERATURE BELOW ZERO IN THE WEST AND NORTH.

Seventy-six People Frozen at Chicago—Great Suffering at Indianapolis and Other Places—The Coldest Weather on Record at Detroit—Mercury Thirty Degrees Below Zero in Northern New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—Seventy six people have been more or less frozen, according to police and other reports since the cold wave came Saturday night, up to 10 o'clock this morning. From 2 degrees below zero early on Saturday evening the thermometer began to drop rapidly until at 7 o'clock this morning the weather bureau reported it had gone down to 21 below. At 10 o'clock this morning it was 16 below.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 25.—At 7 o'clock the temperature in this city was 14 below zero, the lowest since January, 1884. There is much suffering throughout the city by reason of the weak natural gas pressure, and there has been a rush for other kinds of fuel. A cutting wind is blowing from the west.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Jan. 25—The temperature in Northern New York last night and this morning were the lowest of the season in this section. Blue Mountain Lake reports 30 degrees below zero, North Creek 23 below, Warrenburgh 20 below, Lake Lonely 15 below and Saratoga from 5 to 10 below.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Jan. 25—The cold wave shows no signs of abatement. The mercury registers 31 degrees below zero this morning, and the indications are for continued cold.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 25.—The cold wave struck Cincinnati in all its fury Sunday night, and the thermometer fell steadily until it reached 9 degrees below zero at 5 o'clock this morning. There is much suffering among the poor in the suburbs. Adams Feiss, aged 19, of Dunlap street, was the first victim of the extreme cold weather. He was brought to the hospital this morning with both hands frozen. At 10 a. m. the thermometer registered 2 degrees below zero.

DETROIT, MICH., Jan. 25—Detroit experienced the coldest weather in twenty-two years last night and this morning, and the coldest January weather on recod. At 8 o'clock this morning the mercury stood at 15 2 10 degrees below zero, and at noon it had not raised much. Reports from the State show that the arctic weather is general. Marquette reports 14 degrees below; Alpra, 6; North Vile, 18; Stugnace, 19; Escanaba, 25, Davison, 12; Buchanan, 20, Portland, 10, Utica, 10; Port Huron, 11; Decatur, 15, Grand Rapids, 4.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25—To-day is the coldest day experienced by New Yorkers this Winter. At 7 o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated only five above zero. It gradually rose, however, during the morning, and at noon indicated 18 above.

CHICAGO, January 25.—The people of Chicago, in bodies and as individual citizens, were aroused to-day to take prominent and generous action for the relief of the two score thousand destitute inhabitants, whose suffering for want of fuel, food and clothing has reached an extreme stage as a result of the terrible cold wave which came upon the city Saturday, increasing in intensity until it reached the lowest point officially recorded in a quarter of a century.

The Mayor issued a proclamation this afternoon, according to his expressed intention, appealing in urgent language to all citizens who have the means to spare to contribute at once money and supplies to prevent the starvation and freezing of unfortunate thousands. He urged the subscription of $100,000 as being none too much to afford the help needed. The funds of the charity organizations have become depleted, owing to the extra demands made upon them even during the mild weather which has prevailed here until a few days ago.

Before the Mayor's proclamation was issued contributions to the special fund came pouring into his office in currency and checks, while various offers of provisions, clothing, coal and wood were received on a liberal scale. The Board of Trade and other organizations started to raise relief funds and the churches and Salvation Armies began making systematic and extensive arrangements to help in the charitable work along their special lines. All police stations have been thrown open to the homeless and to-night every one was crowded with refugees from the freezing air. The Mayor's proclamation is the first of the kind to be issued in twenty-five years.

The worst and most numerous cases were reported from South Chicago and Kensington, where thousands of men have been laid off at the steel mills and other establishments.

The demand upon associated charities for food and fuel was never greater. When the ticket window of the Providence Association opened at 6 a. m. three hundred men and women were in line waiting for assistance. The police department is doing everything possible to relieve distress. Twenty-two frost-bitten victims were treated at the city dispensary to-day and three amputations were necessary. Hundreds of homeless people are sheltered to-night at the police stations. The river has not yet closed here, though it is full of floating ice, which endangered shipping. Trains were generally off time this morning, but this evening all those due from points west and south were late, in one instance two hours and ten minutes. All were delayed by snow blockades. Special dispatches show that no section west or south of this city has escaped the sudden fury of the blizzard. For the first time in man's memory ice formed for a short time over lower White river in Arkansas to-day. Snow is reported in West Tennessee and Southern Illinois. The great fruit section of Southwest Missouri and Northern Arkansas has especially suffered and nothing can save the crop. A fall of snow that would have saved the wheat fields of Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska did not come with the cold wave, and predictions of disaster to the cereals were frequent on 'Change.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Jan. 25.—The coldest weather this Winter has prevailed during the last twenty-four hours in this section of the Southwest. There is no snow, but a high freezing wind has added to the suffering. Great damage to live stock is reported. The cold wave extended to the Territories. An average of four degrees below zero is reported in Kansas, with no prospect of immediate relief.

At Norfolk, Va., yesterday, a store and six dwellings on Princess avenue were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $9,000.

At midnight last night there was no apparent change in the condition of Senator George, of Mississippi. He still remains critically ill.

B'NAI B'RITH.

Tenth Annual Convention of the Order in Session at Baltimore.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 25—The tenth annual Convention of the Improved Order of B'Nai B'Rith concluded its labor this afternoon and adjourned to meet in Washington next year.

The following officers were elected: Supreme president, Joel A. Marx, New York; vice presidents, Ralph Sachs and Solomon S. Schloss, Baltimore; secretary, Leopold Brann, Baltimore; treasurer, Kaufman Katz, Baltimore.

To-night the delegates were given a complimentary ball at Hazazer's hall.

WARM WIRELETS.

The week in the dry goods market opened dull without change; business continues limited and prices show no change.

Two ballots for United States Senator were taken in joint session of the Washington Legislature yesterday with no election.

Chief of Police Thomas Mayers, of Wytheville, Va., shot and instantly killed Thomas Johnson because the latter resisted arrest. Mayers was a murderer.

There is practically no improvement in the condition of Senator George, of Mississippi, who is lying seriously ill at the Garfield Memorial hospital in Washington, D. C.

Brakemen on freight trains on the Georgia road have gone on a strike against the enforcement of the rule requiring them to remain on top of the cars while they are running.

The Lexow bill to investigate trusts which passed the New York Senate last week, has passed the Assembly. It provides for a commission to investigate trusts and report a remedy.

The mercury at Washington, D. C., stood at ten degrees above zero at midnight. Ernest Southern, a white man was frozen to death on the street in the southwestern part of the city.

The Beet Sugar Manufacturing and Development Company of Jersey City and Chicago has been incorporated with a paid capital of $300 000. The company will operate sugar refining factories.

The St. James Hotel, Duluth, Minn., was burned yesterday morning. The loss is about $50 000, with insurance for half that amount. The guests of the hotel lost all of their personal effects.

Alfred Shrimpton & Sons, manufacturers of pins, hooks and eyes, New York, have made an assignment. The liabilities are estimated at $35 000 to $40 000, and assets at $20,000 to $25,000.

The British ship Euphemia cleared yesterday from Savannah for Santos, Brazil, with 1,025,978 feet of pitch pine lumber. This is the largest cargo of the kind ever shipped from Savannah to a foreign port.

The temperature at 10 p. m., in Florida last night was as follows: Jacksonville, 54; St. Augustine, 56; Orlando, 58; Tampa, 62; Jupiter, 64; Key West, 68. No damage has been done to crops and none is expected.

Hon. Jos. Davis, who died in Buffalo, New York, Sunday, as the result of an operation for appendicitis, was a former well-known shoe manufacturer of Lynn, Mass., who did a business one time of a million dollars a year.

An Egyptian commission, appointed for the purpose, has started on a tour of the various Red Sea ports to arrange precautionary measures against the bubonic plague which is raging in Bombay and other parts of India.

The residence of Charles J. Barnes, Chicago, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The loss is fully $200 000, fully covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is attributed to a crossed electric wire in the basement.

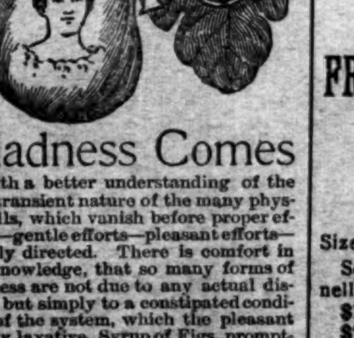
The Burlington & Missouri River Railroad car shops, at Plattsmouth, Neb., were totally destroyed by fire. George Fiechner, one of the firemen, was overcome by the intense heat and perished. It is estimated that the loss will exceed $125,000.

The issue of standard silver dollars from the mints and treasury offices for the week ended January 23, was $256,816, and for the corresponding period last year was $247 475. The shipment of fractional silver coin from January 2 to 29 aggregated $325 877.

That part of the shipping laws of the United States which authorizes the arrest of sailors who refuse to observe the terms of their contracts to serve on board vessels was yesterday declared by the United States Supreme Court to be constitutional and within the jurisdiction of State courts to enforce.

The Lovable Woman.

This lovable woman is one of good principle, a woman of conscience. She says no and means it, and to her a promise is a sacred obligation. She is a bright, reliable, essentially feminine individual, to know whom once is to want to know always. Beauty of form and face she may not have, but there is a magnetism of soul about her that transcends regularity of features or grace of build. She is the sort of woman men want for wives and children want for mothers. She is not a new woman, but a product as old as the world itself, and the love that is so willingly meted out to her but serves to make her grow more beautiful in its sunshine. She does not question why she is beloved or grow vain over the fact that she is so; that characteristic belongs to the woman of ephemeral popularity. The really lovable one gives so much from her own true, sweet nature that it seems nothing unusual that others should give to her. Life is full of these bits of human brightness, and those who know them feel the better for contact with their radiant personality.—Philadelphia Times.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found, Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Agents—Send for circulars and terms of the fastest selling article on earth. Big inducements to live agents. No talking. Sells itself. Write to-day. J. K. Boynton, Raleigh, N. C. jan 13 10t*

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed food for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92. oct 17 tf

Haydon, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. ct1

Coal,

Coal.

BIG STOCKS.

Low Prices.

Egg Coal, Stove Coal,

Chestnut Coal, Furnace Coal,

Tennessee Lump Coal,

Pocahontas Coal.

WOOD! WOOD!!

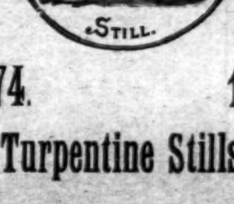
Oak Wood, Ash Wood.

Blackjack, Lightwood.

Send us your orders and you will be promptly served and fully protected.

J. A. SPRINGER & CO

jan 17 tf



1874. 1897.

Turpentine Stills.

McMillan Bros.,

Fayetteville, N. C.,

Savannah, Ga., and Mobile, Ala

MANUFACTURERS OF

Turpentine Stills

AND

General Metal Workers

EXTRA

KETTLES, WORMS, CAPS, ARMS AND BOTTOMS,

and Patch Copper kept in stock.

Special attention given to work in the country. Old Stills taken in exchange for new work.

When in want of anything in our line address us at above named places. jan 22 tf

For Fifteen Days Only,

BEGINNING

Monday, January 25th.

FREE, A pair of 25c Suspenders, one 75c Laundered White Shirt, with any $5 Suit of Clothes. Same quality sold elsewhere at $7.50.

FREE, One $1 Laundered White Shirt a pair of 25c Suspenders, two pairs 15c Black or Tan half-Hose and a pretty Scarf with any $8 50 Suit of Clothes. Same quality sold elsewhere at $10.

FREE, A pretty 50c Neckrie, one $1 25 Laundered White Shirt, one pair 50c Suspenders, two pair 40c half Hose with any $12.50 Suit of Clothes Same quality sold elsewhere at $15.00.

Sizes of half Hose and Shirts to fit.

Scrivan's Pat. Seam Canton Flannell Drawers 89 cents.

$12.50 Overcoats $8 50.

$7.50 Overcoats and Ulsters $5.

Read Circulars for other bargains.

Remember, 15 days only.

Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up.

J. H REHDER & Co.,

Near Fourth Street Bridge.

jan 24 tf

Collector's Notice.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED COLLECTOR of the estate of C. H. Capps, deceased, by the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, I hereby notify all persons indebted to the said C. H. Capps to make immediate payment to me, and those to whom the said Capps was indebted at the time of his death will present their claims to me before the 30th day of December, 1897, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. THOS. J. GORE, Collector. dec 30 1m

TEN DAYS AT A. D. BROWN'S,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

JANUARY 24TH TO FEBRUARY 4TH

20 per cent. discount on all WOOLEN UNDERWEAR, upstairs.

25 per cent. discount on all CLOAKS, JACKETS and CAPES.

500 yards All Wool Linen CARPETS at 50 cents yard.

500 yards BROCATELLE, worth $1.25, only 60c a yard. These goods cost 97½c yard.

1,000 WINDOW SHADES, all Linen, at 55 cents each.

CHENILLE TABLE COVERS 1¼ yards square, worth $1.50, only 75 cents each.

500 Ladies Dollar KID GLOVES, "Clute Patent Thumb," only 75 cents each.

50 pairs French Woven CORSETS. Sizes 18, 2[illegible] 27, 28 and 29, only 35 cents per pair.

50 pairs LACE CURTAINS, worth $3 per pair only $1.50 per pair.

WHITE GOODS—Unusual display of Spring Goods. We have no hesitancy in saying that we have the most magnificent line of White Goods that has ever been shown in this city.

LINENS—Table Damask in Red, White and Cream Napkins in every size.

New Embroideries.

Organdies, Batistes, Lawns, Dimities, Plain and Fancy Piques and open work Lace effects.

Linen colored Fancies and Dimity Checks.

50 Rolls Matting Just Received.

No. 29 North Front St.

jan 24 tf

A Drop In Prices.

The old and well known firm of Braddy & Gaylord, of Wilmington's Big Racket Store, is now on the eve of dissolving copartnership. It has been very well managed and very successfully in the past eight years, and the dissolution is coming off for the purpose of opening up a branch store in New York city, where the other partner will be always on the market looking out for bargains of every kind. We now have a large stock of goods on hand that we want to turn into money at a price we have never claimed to sell goods for cash at any time up until now, but now we will sell a good many goods for less than cost for cash, only we are very anxious to raise a large amount of ready cash, and for the dollar down we will sell big values.

1 yard wide Bleaching, worth 6c, now 4½c; our Fine Sea Island Sheeting, 1 yard wide, worth 5c, now 4½c. 1 yard Sheeting, heavy and nice, worth 5c, now 4½c; 36 inch wide Blue Tricot, worth 12½c, now 8½c; 36 inch Dress Plaids, worth 25c, now 17c; our 10c Bed Ticking now 7½c. Our line of Red Flannel worth 40c, now 32c.

Our heavy Pants Jeans, worth 20c now 14c; our line of Cotton Jeans, worth 10c, now 7c. All Dress Goods greatly reduced. Men's and Boy's Suspenders from 5c to 25c. Men's Collars for 5, 7 and 10c. Dragon Spool Cotton, worth 20c, now at 10c per dozen. Fine Envelopes, worth 5c a pack, now 3c. Splendid White Ruled Linen Finish Paper, worth 10c a quire, now 5 quires for 10c. 300 pairs of Woman's Shoes, worth from $1.00 to 2 00 a pair in odds and ends, now to close at 50c a pair. 200 pairs Men's Shoes, in good solid stock, worth from $1 00 to 2 00, now any of this lot for 95c. A big lot of Children's Shoes put on the counter to close at a bargain, from 15c to 40c.

In our Millinery we do not stop at cost. We make big reductions. The stock is too numerous to mention, but you can buy your Hats and Trimmings at least 25 per cent. or one-quarter less than ever before.

We have a big lot of cheap Cloaks that we want to close from 50c to $3 00. If you want a Cape, Cloak or Jacket of any kind come and look at ours.

In Winter Underwear, Gent's and Ladies', we have made a big reduction. Our 50c Shirts now for 40c; our 25c goods, heavy Shirts, for 18c. Heavy Blue Flannel Overshirts at 75c a piece.

We are at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton Hotel.

Braddy & Gaylord, Props,
Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

P. S—All parties that have accounts with us, please send in at once or be ready when our collector calls. jan 17 tf

GROVER'S SOFT SHOES FOR TENDER FEET. AT PETERSON & RULFS.

jan 24 tf

OUR "COMFORT" HEATERS

—WITH—

CAST TOP AND BASE,

ARE THE BEST AND MOST

Lasting Stoves On The Market.

The proof of this is our large sales of these goods. Our line of COOKING STOVES are equal to any. We also have a fine assortment of OIL STOVES. Our prices are based on the quality of goods we handle.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. jan 3 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Jute Bagging,

Arrow Ties,

Cheese, Crackers, Cakes, Salmon, Sardines, Oysters.

Full and complete stock of

HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES.

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Don't fail to see us before buying

WORTH & WORTH.

aug 29 tf

At the Unlucky Corner

THIS WEEK

Butter and Ginger Preserves,

FOX RIVER BUTTER,

Imported, Canton, Ginger Preserves

BY THE POUND

Will be sold Lower Than Ever Before in Wilmington.

We do not publish these Prices here. They worry some people.

Quantity sold to one person limited to 10 pounds.

S. W. SANDERS.

jan 24 tf

Pyvi's Toilet Cream

is now perfumed with

Roger & Gallet's "Vera Violetta"

This is quite an expense, but the price remains the same—25 cents. Buy a bottle of your druggist, and if you do not think it the best preparation for rough skin, chapped face, hands and lips you ever tried, your money will be returned.

JAMES D. NUTT, Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.

jan 24 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS Office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

Mortgage Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF THE POWER OF SALE contained in a mortgage made by Isabella Farrior to the North Carolina Home Building Association, recorded in Book No. 16, page 97 of the records of New Hanover County, the undersigned will sell for cash, to the highest bidder, at public auction at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, N. C., on Tuesday, the 9th of February, 1897, at 12 o'clock M., the following lot of land in said city to-wit: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Seventh street 33 feet north of the northern line of Church street, runs thence east parallel with Church street 135 feet to Wilson street, thence north with the west line of Wilson street 33 feet, thence west parallel with Church street 135 feet to east line of Seventh street, thence south with said line of Seventh street 33 feet to the beginning.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Attorney for Mortgagee.

jan 19 20t

COAL! COAL!!

WE ARE SELLING THE VERY

Best Tennessee and Virginia

LUMP COAL

—AT—

1 Ton	$4 50
½ Ton	2 25
¼ Ton	1 25

Cheaper than wood.

W. E. WORTH & CO.

jan 8 tf

Cash Paid —FOR— Beeswax.

If you have some to sell ship it to us and we will allow you

26 CENTS PER POUND

for it in Boston and no charge for commission or for carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO., Boston, Mass., Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf.

dec 22 3m

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 6 tf